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THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,104—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, AUGUST 5. 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Dates of Sailing, 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
6th August	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
13th "	EGYPT	7912		
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
27th "	HIMALAYA	6898		
3rd Sept.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
10th "	OCEANA	6610		
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
24th "	PERSIA	7951		
1st Oct.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
8th "	ARABIA	7903		
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
22nd "	EGYPT	7912		
29th "	MANTUA	10885		
5th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898		
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
19th "	MARMORA	10909		
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
25th "	ARABIA	7903		
4th March	MALWA	10883		
11th "	EGYPT	7912		
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
22nd "	* ARCADIA	7000		
25th "	PERSIA	7951		
1st April	MARMORA	10909		
8th "	CALEDONIA	7588		
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	MANTUA	10885		
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7903		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
20th "	EGYPT	7912		

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER, At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 504	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 538 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

For Accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Aug. 1910
ELYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	25th "
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	16th Sept. "
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	30th "
CHICASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne	15th Oct. "
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Keiso	25th "
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	13th Nov. "
ELYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	26th "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	803
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez, Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1910.
b Markgraf	3,680	Timm	20th Aug.
a Somali	2,700	Greiwe	30th "

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24, Medow Street, Bombay, 13th July, 1910.

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

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T. S. "LINGA," 2,171 tons, on Friday, 5th Aug. at 6 a. m. or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 11th Aug. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mohemera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "WAROONGA," 2,813 tons, on Monday, 8th Aug. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA. (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, sailing on or about the 13th August.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to
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Agents, Bombay.

4th August, 1910.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
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BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Siracusa	3,500	Giuliano	15th Aug. 1910
Dco Baldnino	4,580	G. Ronchi	15th Sept. "
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Maucini	15th Oct. "

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

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Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th Aug. 1910
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. "
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th Oct. "

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to.....to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

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COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
SYDNEY	4,119	Costa	1st Sept. 1910,
SALAZIE	4,147	Riquier	29th Sept, "
NERA	5,338	Martin	27th Oct. "
CALEDONIEN	4,120	Lafont	24th Nov. "
ARMAND BEHIC	6,386	X	22nd Dec. "
AUSTRALIEN	6,380	X	19th Jan. 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
NERA	5,338	Martin	12th Aug 1910.
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	9th Sept "

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Agent.

Albert Building, Hornby Road.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

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17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

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THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES:
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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,
Rs. 35,00,000.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

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Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

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From £233 to £1712. Chasis valve with Tyres.

"WHEN the authoritative history of the automobile is compiled, no production will loom larger in its pages than the NAPIER CAR. As a British production it unquestionably led the van in the motor industry, and its triumphs set the seal upon the British car for reliability, silence, speed and economy. Motor car manufacturers owe much to the firm of Napier, for when the foreign, and particularly French, builders sent forth their products on an all-conquering mission, Messrs. NAPIER were practically the only firm, with any pretensions, to enter the lists against them; and an admirable fight did they put up.

We have to travel back nearly a decade to find the Napier car's first successes, full marks, fastest time and a gold medal being awarded to it in 1901. Then in 1902 it sensationally won the great international event the Gordon-Bennett Cup. This victory created little less than consternation in the foreign camps, for till then British competition had been regarded as a negligible factor. But to show that reliability, as well as speed, was a feature of the Napier car. Mr. C. J. Glidden drove 5,125 miles through Europe, a feat that then, few manufacturers would have liked to submit their cars to.

From this time on, success followed success, every conceivable event connected with motoring being annexed, including all the best continental prizes and all the principal insular trophies.

In the growth of the motor industry, most of the accessories upon which impinge the efficiency of the engine become from time to time discarded; and it is the live manufacturer that hastens to avail himself of such devices as add to the economy and effectiveness of his product. In the present standardization of the Napier engine all the brainy conceptions and developments that time and usage have gestated, have been incorporated in the finished article. It is at times both irksome and inconvenient to alter a detail which, up to then, has met its purpose; for such alteration involves not only waste of time but expense also. A consideration of this character, however, has no weight with Messrs. Napier. If an iota of advance is exemplified by the utilization of any alteration, that alteration proceeds, even though expensive patterns have to be scrapped in the doing of it. Small wonder, then, that the Napier product occupies the pinnacle it does, in the engineering world. . . . . .

I have no wish to labour the matter, but I must admit that with all my experience, obtained from an inspection of most of the up-to-date motor manufacturing establishments in England, I was never so impressed by one of them, as I was by my visit to Messrs. Napier's works at Acton. They are, indeed, one of England's assets; and a premier one at that. . . . . .

I would also like to say that noiselessness which is such a noticeable feature of the Napier is obtained by running the gears in mesh for days together, upon a test bench, until they are absolutely sweet and silent, only then are they built up into the finished chassis. The latter is then in its turn subjected to stringent running tests, first on the works track and then on the road, loaded up in each case with weights to represent body and passengers."—"INDIAN AND EASTERN ENGINEER," March 1910.

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MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

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Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

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Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

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scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

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Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
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PEARSE & CO.,
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ESTABLISHED 1872.
CHOICE
ENGLISH & ITALIAN
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Agents for India—TREACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, CALCUTTA AND SIMLA.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with: removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

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Largest Importers of and Dealers in :—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
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Kerosine Oil Brands :—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
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(ELIXIR CHINA)

THE best Tonic for the System, containing all the properties of the peruvian bark, aids digestion, and prevents fever attacks; pleasant to the taste. It is recommended to convalescents.

DOSE—A liqueur glass before or after meals.

OBTAINABLE IN LITRE BOTTLES,

RS. 5-12
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MONGINI BROTHERS,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

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EXCHANGE TABLES.
(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
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1909.

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A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

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COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of Members will be held at the Club, on TUESDAY, the 6th September, 1910, at 6-30 p.m.

WALTER LANG,
Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE REGISTER of the Shareholders of the JOST'S FANS SUPPLY & ENGINEERING CO., LTD., will be closed from the 2nd to the 31st August, 1910, both days inclusive.

G. WISE,
Manager and Secretary.

Bombay, 2nd August, 1910.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Superintendent of Police Supplies, Burma, Rangoon, up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 2nd November, 1910, for the SUPPLY of CLOTHING, ACCOUTREMENTS, SADDLERY and MISCELLANEOUS STORES, for the Civil and Military Police, in Burma, for a period of two years, namely, from the 1st April, 1911 to 31st March, 1913.

Tenders must be submitted in the prescribed forms and all particulars regarding the Contract can be obtained on application to the Superintendent of Police Supplies, Burma, Rangoon.

Samples of all articles can be seen at the Police Supply Stores, Rangoon, during office hours on any day, except Sundays and Gazettes Holidays.

Tenders will be opened in presence of those who choose to be present and the undersigned does not bind himself to accept or recommend for acceptance the lowest or any Tender.

H. C. NANGLE,
Superintendent of Police Supplies,
BURMA, Rangoon.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SMALL CAUSES COURT, Suit No. 13243 of 1905.

KAIKHUSROO MANECKJI SETHNA..... Plaintiff

vs.

1, MESSON ABDUL KARIM AYUB
and
2, AHMED ESMAIL MUNSHI .....Defendants.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above Suit on the 3rd day of August, 1905, it was ordered that the Defendants MEMON ABDUL KARIM AYUB AND AHMED ESMAIL MUNSHI, should pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. 837-7-0 including costs by monthly instalment of Rs. 24 in default of payment of one instalment executions to issue for the whole amount which might then be due.

And whereas by a Warrant of Sale dated the 16th day of March, 1910, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant Ahmed Esmail Munshi, subject to the rights of the Mortgagee and without prejudice to his rights to deal with the attached property in terms of his security in the lands and premises in the said warrant mentioned, that is to say:—

All that piece or parcel of Ekandasi land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Memon Wada Gowli Moholla, without the Fort of Bombay, under Ward B, No. 633, Street Nos. 69 and 71, admeasuring 50 feet in length and 77 feet in breadth, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by public passage, on or towards the West by public road, on or towards the North by a house No. 73-75-77 and on or towards the South by a house Nos 61 and 67. The said land is not registered in the Collector's Office.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on TUESDAY, the 6th day of September, 1910, at the hour of 3-30 o'clock (S. T.) in the afternoon, the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant for sale put up for SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title and interest of the said Defendant Ahmed Esmail Munshi, subject to the rights of the mortgagee and without prejudice to his rights to deal with the attached property in terms of his security, in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs of previous execution and of the said warrant of sale.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendant Ahmed Esmail Munshi, to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said Defendant Ahmed Esmail Munshi, have no saleable interest whatever in the lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Plaintiff has not obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of the lot one fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser, the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in that case by the purchaser to the sheriff, on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 4th day of August, 1910.

H. SULLEMAN ABDOOL WAHED,
Sheriff of Bombay.

KAIKHUSROO MANECKJI SETHNA,
Plaintiff in person (a pauper).

MARCKS AND CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TWENTY-FIFTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Marcks and Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 43, Esplanade Road, within the Fort of Bombay (opposite the University Clock Tower), on WEDNESDAY, the 10th of August, 1910, at 3-30 P.M., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year, ending 28th February, 1910.
2. To sanction the payment of a Dividend.
3. To confirm the appointment of a Director.
4. To elect a Director in the place of one who retires by rotation.
5. To elect an Auditor for the ensuing year, and fix his remuneration.

By Order of the Board
of Directors,
WALTER PROCTER,
General Manager.

BOMBAY, 27th JULY, 1910.

N.B.—THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 8th to 26th August 1910, both days inclusive.

FOR CAPITALISTS.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY for Land Owners or Capitalists. REQUIRED a large and commodious BUILDING to be constructed to suit a large Printing House. Must be in or very close to business locality in the Fort, Bombay. Long lease and reasonable terms.

Apply: CAPITALIST, care of
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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GAYA MUNICIPALITY.

WATER WORKS SCHEME.

CONTRACT NO. 1.

THE Commissioners of the Gaya Municipality, invite Tenders for the construction of the following works:—

12 feet diameter wells.

About 3,500 feet of 14 in. diameter steel suction pipes.

About 6,800 feet of 15 in. diameter steel rising main.

About 5,400 feet of steel distribution pipes 21 in. to 12 in. diameter.

About 101,800 feet of cast iron distribution pipes 11 in. to 2 1-2 in. diameter.

Two circular reinforced concrete reservoirs to hold 400,000 gallons each.

Together with Valves, Standposts, Hydrants, Connections, &c.

Drawings may be seen and copies of the specifications, bills of quantities and form of Tender obtained, at the office of the Sanitary Engineer, Bengal, 1 and 2 Old Court House, Corner Calcutta, or the Municipal offices, Gaya, on or after TUESDAY, August 2nd, 1910, on deposit of Rs. 50 in G. C. Notes, which will be returned on receipt of a bona fide Tender.

Tenders which must be on the forms provided, with bills of quantities and schedules of prices fully priced out, must be sent in sealed envelopes addressed to the Chairman, Gaya Municipality, and must be delivered before 4 P. M., on MONDAY, October 3rd, 1910.

The Municipal Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Parties Tendering must do so at their own cost.

If an inspection of the site of works is considered desirable any assistance and information will be given by the Chairman.

J. T. WHITTY,
Chairman, Gaya Municipality.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. HORMUSJI PALLONJI MATBAR, of Bombay, Parsi, the administrator of the property and credits of BAI NAVAJBAI, widow of Mr. PALLONJI PESTONJI MATBAR, has contracted TO SELL, the undermentioned property, to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office No. 79, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of Foras land together with the messuage or bungalow standing thereon, situate at Bombay without the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2,500 square yards or thereabouts, and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 488, 552, 559, New No. 12496, and New Survey No. — and bounded on the East by Dadar Road, on the West by the G. I. P. Railway Line, on the North by the property of Hirji Khetsey, and on the South by the property formerly of Dayal Mulji, now of the G.I.P. Railway which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 526 (2), and Street No. 159A, Dadar Road, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the Vendor's tenants.—Dated this 4th day of August, 1910.

1 2002

PESTANJEE, RUSTIM, KOLA & CO.,
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CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

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BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

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	1906 Rs.	1910 Rs.
Insurance in force...	3,63,02,378	5,67,83,328
Assets	52,80,240	1,26,22,875
Total Income	28,83,602	53,49,837
INSURANCE FUND ...	51,43,380	1,23,25,218

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for Security of POLICY-HOLDERS:—

	Rs.
With Trustees at Shanghai.....	2,00,000
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1.—Here I am and here I shall stay.
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Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
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GEO. HOGG, Manager.

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RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

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Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
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The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

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Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

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COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
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SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

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The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

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JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882,

HEAD OFFICE:
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BOMBAY.

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CAPITAL CALLED UP ... ,, 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... ,, 1,75,000

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The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security;

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF FANCY GOODS, LEATHER WARE, GAMES, ETC.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th August, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.). Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Esplanade Road, Fort, next to Paper Currency Office, the following remaining fancy goods toys, leather goods, plateware, indoor and outdoor games, cash boxes, writing and jewel cases, hand-bags, icewater jug by Reid and Barton, perambulator, rocking horse, etc., in lots to suit buyers.

The above is on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY next, the 6th day of August, 1910, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Kuvar House, 2nd floor, near Sassoon Dock, Colaba Tram Terminus, the valuable teak and blackwood household furniture, consisting of drawingroom suite of sofas and chairs, lined with silk tapestry, Singapore cane furniture, easy chairs, dining table, sideboard, cabinets, flower vases, tapestry carpets, one sweet-toned square piano by Schudmayer and Soehne, Stuttgart, Singer's hand and foot sewing machines, bedroom furniture, such as double and single iron bedstead, chest of drawers, single and double door mirror almiras, dressing and washhand tables, towel-horses, racks, cooking utensils, K. O. stove and other household sundries, the property of J. Venning, Esq., proceeding to England, and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view 4 days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF WASTES.

Under instructions from the Agents of the Swadeshi Mills Co., Ld., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 5 p. m. (S. T.), in the compound of the Swadeshi Mills, at Cooria, on account and at the risk of Khoja Mahomed Goolamhoosein.

Machine soiled waste about 71 cwts. and wrapping wastes about 4 cwts.

A deposit of Rs. 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 8th August, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as sofas, chairs, easy chairs, almiras, cupboards, chest of drawer, writing, dressing and washhand tables, iron safe.

At 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).

Several gent's bicycles by different makers:—
1 rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 rubber-tyred brougham.
1 rubber-tyred victoria.

AUCTION SALE of Egyptian and American Yarn Cheeses.

Under instructions from Messrs. Smetham Byrne and Co., Attorneys for Messrs. B. S. Hablo & Co., of Manchester, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY next, the 8th inst., at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, on account of ths concerned.

1 lot, 750 cheeses, Egyptian twist yarn, 60's, 670 lbs
1 lot, 220 cheeses, American ring yarn, 30's, 209 lbs.

Cash will be required at the time of sale. The purchaser shall buy the lots on inspection and the goods are sold with all their faults (if any) and can be inspected by the buyer before the sale who must take delivery forthwith.

AUCTION SALE of 5 Cases Wall Lamps and 20 Cases Candle Stick Globes.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 8th inst., at 3 p. m. (S.T.), at their Rooms, by order of the Bank, and on account of the party concerned.

W. H.—489—6-10—5 cases, each 7 1-2 doz. wall lamps.
W. H.—488—M. B.—31 6)—30 cases, each 15 doz. crystal candle stick globes.

Cash will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 5th August, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND CONFISCATED GOODS, belonging to the Government (Customs Department).

In accordance with section 88 of the Sea Customs Act VIII. of 1878, under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Town Custom House, on TUESDAY, the 9th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), the following unclaimed and confiscated goods:—

Cases of bitters, wines, spirits, printed matter, wire nails, glassware, calanders, bar-soap, bales of brown paper, 98 casks cement, bundles buckets, corks, country tobacco, old gunny cut-pieces, bags starch, garlic, caraway-seed, kegs paint, empty gas-cylinders, deck-chairs, cast iron, pipes, earthenware-pipes, bundles and bars iron, steel and hoop and sheet iron, waste and torn paper, etc., etc.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE PARCELS, etc., at G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX of 1890, under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Co., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 22nd August, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the abovenamed place:—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, parcels, etc., etc.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 5th August, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF A TRIPPLE ROLLER MILL AND A FILTER PRESS.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co. will on MONDAY, the 8th day of August, 1910, sell by Public Auction in the compound of the Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co., at Connaught Road, Mazagon, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

A Tripple Roller Mill Fine Grinding by Sonnenthal and Co. (suitable for paint makers):

A Filter Press by John Wilson and Sons, Ltd., Glasgow.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,

Bombay, 5th

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, August 3.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent.	81 5-8 —1-8
Rentes 3 per cent	97 1-4 unchgd
2 1-2 per cent. (Sterling Loan)	95 1-2 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent Government Securities	64 1/16—1/16
Bar Silver in London.	24 1-2—1/16
Do 2 months hence	24 1-2 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver.—	Quiet but Steady.
Exchange on London at Paris	25-20 1-2 unchgd
Do do Berlin	20·44 1/2 unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 Since 9-6-10.
Do. Short London Bills 3 m/st.	2 1-8+1/16
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	3 1/8+1/8
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months.	2 7-8+1/8
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months.	3 1/2+1-8
Interest day to day loans	1 + 1/8
Do. 7 day market loans	1 1-4 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77·9 1/9 unchgd

Council Bills—Extra allotments—
Bills on Calcutta ... Rs. 80,000 at 1s 4 1/32d

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 40,00,000.

Rs.	18,90,000	were allotted to Calcutta
,,	5,80,000	,, to Bombay
,,	11,20,000	,, to Madras

Total Rs. 35,40,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 15·99.

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs.	2,90,000	were allotted to Calcutta.
,,	.....	,, to Bombay.
,,	1,70,000	,, to Madras.

Total Rs. 4,60,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Madras at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Madras, 16·00.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale Rs. 43,10,000.

Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 40,00,000.

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS:—

Bills on Calcutta Rs. 80,000 at 1s. 4 1-32d.

MANCHESTER, August 3.

COTTON.

Liverpool yesterday was 6 to 10 points up, whilst New York was 15 up and futures 21 to 22 up. Demand from exporters and mills for ready lots being limited there was no change in the rates. The opener advised 6 to 7 points up. The tone of the market for New Broach was firm and demand being good price advanced by Rs. 1. The price for New Broach opened at Rs. 303 and at the close it advanced to Rs. 304.

200	Gaddam and Co ...	Khandesh ...	260 Jan
100	Do ...	Bengal	253 Jan
200	Do ...	do ...	264 Nov
200	Ralli Bros	Khandesh.....	258 Jan
300	Do ...	Bengal.....	257 Dec
500	Do ...	do	263 Jan
100	Phoenix Mills.....	Broach.....	310
100	W Wolf & Sons ...	Bengaljin.....	261
100	Volkart Bros	Broach	325
100	A Blasoheck & Co	Shenabad.....	260
200	Glaze Brook	Broach.....	305
100	Narandas.....	Anjar	290

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine		274
,, F Good		262
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine		290
,, F Good		278
Sind Punjab Fine		290
,, F Good		278
Khandesh Fine		288
,, F Good		278
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine		299
,, F Good		289
Akola Khangaum Fine		297
,, F Good		287
Amraoti Fine		297
,, F Good		287
Veotmal Fine		303
,, F Good		293
Nagpore Fine		305
,, F Good		295
Wardha Hinganghat Fine		311
,, F Good		301
Methia Fine		288
,, F Good		278
Broach Gin Fine		320
,, F Good		310
Sawginned Good		314
Coompta Ginned		313
Western H. G.		295
Do M G		301

FUTURES,

Broach Good	304
Bengal F G	295

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 3rd August:—

	Bales.
Khandeish	..... ,,
Central India	..... ,,
Barsi and Nagur	..... ,,
Berar	..... ,,
Central Provinces	..... ,,
Oomras	..... ,,
Dholera	..... ,,
Broach	..... ,,
Coompta and Dharwar	2,136 ,,
Westerns	179 ,,
Bengals (N W. P.)	..... ,,
Bengal Rajputana	117 ,,
Sind	..... ,,
Persian	9 ,,
Other Sorts	..... ,,
American	..... ,,
Total ...	2,432 Bales.

LIVERPOOL, August 4.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	... ...	Steady.
Estimated Sales	... ...	6,000
Total Imports	... ...	.....
Future Delivery Prices:—		
Aug.—Sept	... ...	7·71 + 6
Sept.—Oct.	... ...	7·45 + 6
Oct.—Nov.	... ...	7·30 + 6
Nov.—Dec.	... ...	7·21 + 6
Dec.—Jan.	... ...	7·19 + 7
Jan.—Feb.	... ...	7·19 + 7
Feb.—Mar.	... ...	7·19 + 7
Mar.—Apl.	... ...	7·19 + 7
Apl.—May	... ...	7·18 + 7

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny	... ...	71	4 0
117 Penny Ready	... ...	71	3 0
Local per tola	... ...	0	11 0

FUTURES.

First Settlement	... ...	71	7 0
Second do	... ...	71	8 0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed, Rapeseed and Castorseed :—Firm. No change to report.

Gingellyseed :—Firm. No stock.

Poppyseed and Groundnuts :—Market weak.

Wheat :—Firm. Balance large, arrivals heavy, but demand being good and prices are maintained.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	...Rs. 11 12
Linseed, Small ...	... ,, 11 8
Linseed, Brown ...	... ,, ...
RAPESEED—	
Brown Delhi ...	... ,, ...
Brown Cawnpore ...	... ,, 6 2 0
Yellow do. ...	... ,, 6 15 0
Do. Gujarat ...	... ,, 6 14 0
Brown Katni ...	... ,, 7 0 0
Poppyseed ...	... ,, 6 12 0
Castorseed ...	... ,, 40 0 0
WHEAT—	
Pissi ...	... ,, 33 to 35
Hard, Red ...	... ,, 32 to 34
Gingellyseed—	
Yellow Hingangbat	... ,, 54 to 56
Rai Khandesh—	
Mowraseed ...	... ,, 7 2 0
Groundnuts ...	... ,, 42 0 0
Cottonseed ...	... ,, 25 to 27
Maize ...	... ,, 18 to 19

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 3rd August:—

Wheat	... ...	35,708 cwts
Linseed	... ...	2,906 ,,
Rapeseed	... ...	2,355 ,,
Gingellyseed	... ...	126 ,,
Poppyseed	... ...	289 ,,
Groundnuts	... ...	157 ,,
Castorseed	... ...	2,514 ,,
Rice	... ...	750 ,,
Myrabollams	... ...	1,318 ,,
Cottonseed	... ...	12,747 ,,
Mowrasseed	... ...	5,440 ,,
Gram	... ...	2,422 ,,
Joowar	... ...	4 ,,
Maize	... ...	..... ,,

SPINNINGS.

Petits opened at Rs. 2.785, declined to Rs. 2.762 1-2 and closed at Rs. 2,770.

David	393 3-4
Standard	1,092 1-2
Currimbhoy	1,050
Kohinoor	695
Colaba	1,155
Nagpore	1,127 1-2
Swadeshi	1,132 1-2
Phoenix	33 3-4

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	... ...	1,517 1-2
Bank of India	... ...	66 1-2
Indian Specie Bank	... ...	53

COTTON.

Liverpool yesterday was 6 to 10 points up, whilst New York was 15 up and futures 21 to 22 up. Demand from exporters and mills for ready lots being limited there was no change in the rates. The opener advised 6 to 7 points up. The tone of the market for New Broach was firm and demand being good price advanced by Rs. 1. The price for New Broach opened at Rs. 303 and at the close it advanced to Rs. 304.

	A.-S.	S.-O.	O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.
Cotton Delivery	7-65	7-39	7-24	7-15	7-12
Mid Uplands G. O. C.	+8	+8	+9	+9	+9
	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.	A.-M.	
Liverpool	7-12	7-12	7-12	7-11	
	+9	+10	+10	+9	

NEW YORK, August 3.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

Clay's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	...	1,000
Do. Last year	... ...	1,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain	...	4,000
Do. Exports to Continent	...	.....
Spot Cotton at New York	...	15·15+15

Futures Month of Oct. 13·34+21 | Advanced on unfavourable weather report and on spinners reported to be bidding more freely.

Do do Dec. 13·72+20

NEW ORLEANS.—

Spot Cotton	...	14 3/4 + 1/8
Futures—Month of Oct.	...	13·64 + 22
Do. do. Dec.	...	13·59 + 22

Closing tone of Futures—Firm.

LONDON, August 3.

WHEAT.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Buyers, etc.—No sellers.

AUSTRALIAN.

New South Wales 38

Months—June.

Buyers, etc.—Sellers.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs.

C. I. F. 35 1-2

Do. Months—July-Aug.

Do. Name of Port—London.

Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Done.

Tone—Firmer.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs

85 per cent. ex-ship ... 41 1-2

Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.

Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.

Tone of Rapeseed—Quiet but Steady.

Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 57 2-4

Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.

Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Value.

Tone of Linseed—Steady.

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) ... 66 3/4

Do. Argentine (La Plata) months—Aug.-Sept.

Do. Argentine (La Plata) Ports—Antwerp.

Do. Argentine (La Plata) Sellers.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... 8-16—Sellers.

Tone—Flat.

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F.

India double bags. 14 6

Months of Shipment.—Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.

Tone of Sugar—steady.

ARRIVALS.

"Peerless."

BOMBAY, August 4.

MONEY.

The Cash Balance of the Bank of Bengal is up by Rs. 34 lakhs.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened steady at 1s. 3 31-32d. both for T.T. and Demand, and 1s. 4 1-8d. for 3 months' sight Credits.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—		
T. T. Ready	... ...	1s. 3 31-32d.
D. D. Mail	... ...	1s. 3 31-32d.
T. T. Forward	... ...	1s. 4d. Sept.
Bank's Buying—		
Private D. D. Ready	... ...	1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 m/s ,,	... ...	1s. 4 5-32d.
,, ,, Forward	... ...	1s. 4 7-32d. Oct.
,, 6 m/s Ready	... ...	1s. 4 5-16d.
Francs 3 m/s ,,	... ...	169 1-2
Marks 3 m/s ,,	... ...	138 1/4
6 d/s. Hongkong	... ...	131
,, Shanghai	... ...	174 3-4
,, Japan	... ...	150 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Rates are quiet and opened at 96-7 ready and 96-3 forward and have declined to 96-6 and 96-2 respectively at which rates there were buyers at the close.

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London was 1-16 down for ready at 24 1-2, forwards remain unchanged and New York also declined by 1-8 at 53.

Locally the Silver market was easier and opened at Rs. 71-8-0, declined to Rs. 71-6-0, but late in the evening demand from the speculators originated, hence the market remained firm and prices advanced by an anna.

The Gold market remained unchanged.

We quote :—

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
9 touch Fakirsett	22	8	0
97 touch Chintu	23	7	0
Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch			
	24	0	6
National Bank	24	2	6
Chattered Bank	24	1	3
Sovereigns Shield	15	4	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	1	0
English Gold	24	1	0
Native Bullion	24	0	0
Indian Specie Bank	24	1	0

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for SIX lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

McLEAN-RICHARDSON—July 15, at 25, Station Road, Jubbulpore, C.P., the wife of P. A. McLean-Richardson, Traffic Department, N. W. State Railway, of a son.

DEATHS.

ABSOLON.—July 26, at Bellary, Thomas Airde Moore Absolon, of the Military Accounts Department, Mhow, of heart failure.

TODD—July 18, at Bangalore, Victoria, the dearly loved wife of Captain T. Todd, I. S. M. D., aged 34 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 16m.; Sun sets, 7h. 12m.; High water, 11-49m., 11-38a. ; Low water, 4-47m.; 5-52a.

English Mail Steamer due at 6 a. m.

Warwick Major's Comedy Company, "Dear Old Charlie," Empire Theatre, 9-30 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph. "A lesson by the Sea," Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "Better to do well late than never."—Old Proverb.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co's. steamer "Salsette" will leave Bombay harbour at 2-30 p. m. to-morrow.

THE MEHER CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of July 1910, was 4,079. the daily average being 131 ; new admissions 1,078, Parsees 351, Hindoos 2,226, Mahomedans 1,080 and Christians 322. 36 children were vaccinated last month.

PUBLIC MEETING AT THE Y. M. C. A.—At 6·30 p.m. (S.T.) this evening Rev, J.R. Chitamber B. A. of Lucknow will speak, as well as Mr. A. C. Harte (Y. M. C. A. General Secretary for India) on the World's Missionary Conference recently held at Edinburgh, the Hon'ble Mr. H. E. E. Procter presiding.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Major C. Richardson, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion B. B. & C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Band Sergeant J. Sheehan commencing at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) this evening :—

March	Light of Foot ... Latann
Overture	Zanetto ... Auber
Valse	Cerdova ... Gomez
Selection	The Dollar Princess ... Leo Fall
Serenade	O Sole Mio ... Di Capua
Selection	Rip Van Winkle ... Winterbottom
Two Step	Cherry ... Albert

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—To-morrow, Saturday, a conversational meeting of the Students' Brotherhood will be held at the house of Mr. C. M. Cursetjee B. A., Bar-at-law (address, Altamount Road, Cumballa Hill opposite Messrs Kemp and Company) between the hours of 4-45 and 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) when members are most cordially invited to attend. Subject for conservation is : "Canvassing and voting." On Sunday the 7th Instant the Senior class of the Brotherhood will meet at 9 a.m. (S.T.) in the Hall of the Parathana Mandir, Girgaon, when the Hon'ble Sir Narayanrao Chandavarkar will conduct the class, and will discourse on Wordsworth's Prelude. The Junior class of the Brotherhood will meet the same hour at Bhuleshwar in the Goculdas Tejpal High School and will be conducted by Mr. V. J. Dubash B.A.

MILL STRIKE.

Ten men of the weaving department of the Kohinoor Mill have agreed to return to work and the mill was going as usual yesterday, their manager having agreed to increase their wages by one pie per pound.

The men of the Swan Mill have demanded the dismissal of three jobbers and the weaving master. The Agent and the Manager refusing these demands the men left the premises deciding not to return to work until Saturday. The mill was closed.

POLICE NEWS.

THE SHOOTING INCIDENT.

Magisterial Inquiry.

Yesterday at the Mazagon Police Court before Mr. P. H. Dastur Second Presidency Magistrate, Superintendent Meyers charged William George Tait (21), a fitter, with attempting to murder Patrick George Dale (16) by firing a revolver at him. He was also charged with attempting to commit suicide.

The circumstances under which the accused was arrested have already been published in a previous issue of the "Bombay Gazette."

Alexander Richard White, (18), a telegraphist deposed that Dale and he returned from work on the 21st July and went to the Boribunder Station to take a train to Mazagon. It was about midnight then and they met the accused. The latter offered witness a drink which he refused. Tait then said he would give Dale and him a lift in his gharry. Dale at first refused but then got into the gharry. He sat on the small seat while the witness took his seat with the accused on the large seat. A conversation then took place between the accused and Dale. It was an ordinary one. Each remonstrating with the other for reporting him to the Superintendent of the Apprentices' Home. While their gharry was approaching the Byculla School the accused asked Dale to forgive him, but Dale said "No". When the gharry turned into Love lane and had proceeded as far as the temple the accused fired at Dale. Witness did not see the weapon. Witness was much confused and either fell down or jumped out of the carriage and ran away. About 15 minutes afterwards when he went to the apprentice's Home he saw Dale there. There were two wounds one on his chest and one on the arm. They were bleeding. He saw the accused with his uncle in the Home that morning.

Further inquiry was adjourned.

BRUTAL SYCE.

Sent to Jail for Cruelty.

BEFORE Mr. P. H Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday Baboo Ramchandra, a ghorawalla was charged with cruelty ill-treating a horse.

The complaint was that the animal was restive and in consequence the accused fell down and hurt his skull. Smarting under the pain the accused pulled out the tongue of the animal and tied it tightly to a nail in the wall. He released it after a couple of hours and then it was too late. The horse could not get its tongue back into his mouth. The animal was taken to the Bai Shakerbai Petit Hospital for animals where it was discovered that gangrine had set in and a portion of the tongue to be had amputated.

The Magistrate convicted and sentenced the accused to one month's rigorous imprisonment observing that the animal was permanently maimed. The accused did not mean to do so but tying up its tongue for over two hours was bound to do considerable injury to the animal and this the accused must have known. His Worship regretted that he could not punish the accused under sections for maiming the animal or inflicting such cruelty in a public place.

PLANS for the new Karachi Municipal Buildings by Mr. J. C. Wynnes, architect of Edinburgh who has been awarded the prize of £500 offered by the Municipality, has been finally accepted by that body subject to slight modifications to suit local requirements.

HIGH COURT.

MORTGAGE OF UNRECOGNISED SHARES.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayen J. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton delivered judgment in the appeal brought by Chhagonlal Kishordass against the judgment of Mr. Vernon, District Judge of Ahmedabad who had dismissed his suit brought against the Collector of Kaira.

Mr. Tricumlal R. Desai appeared for the appellant; Mr. Y. S. Rao supported the decree of the Lower Court on behalf of the Collector.

It appeared that certain Nurwa lands were mortgaged to the plaintiff in 1876. In 1893 the heirs of the mortgagor again mortgaged to the plaintiff. In 1906 they applied to the Collector of Kaira to declare the mortgage void under Section 3 of the Act of 1862 as they maintained that the mortgage was of the unrecognised shares. In June 1906 the Collector declared the mortgage void and the mortgagor entered into the property on the 8th July 1906. On 15th September 1906 the mortgagee gave notice to the Collector under Section 424 of the Civil Procedure Code but before the expiry of two months he filed his suit but within three months as required by the Nurwa Act. The Collector pleaded that suit was bad as it was instituted before the expiry of two months. The plaintiff urged that Section 424 of the Code did not apply to these cases as the Nurwa Act was a separate and completed Act in itself.

Mr. Vernon, who tried the suit, upheld the defendant's contention and dismissed the suit.

Their Lordships said that the Lower Court was right in holding that Section 424 did apply and confirmed the decree with costs.

THE RACING SUITS.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Robertson resumed the hearing of the racing suits when Mr. Jardine continued his opening address.

Mr Gordhandass Khatav was then examined. He gave particulars of the agreement between himself and Smith. He also denied the main allegations of Smith. He said that he had promised presents to Smith, if the latter satisfied him. That was unusual. He used to give presents to those trainers only who were not given 10 per cent. on the win money. He had not told Smith that the agreement was purely a matter of form. Smith was satisfied with the agreement. Smith had not objected to the agreement after he had read it. Witness was in the habit of betting and betted during the last Poona Season. Witness put Smith's bet in witness' name along with his own bet. It was agreed that Smith should not bet directly on witness' horses, and that he should bet through the witness only. He was winning during the Poona season. Witness had made up the account of what Smith won during the Poona Season and what was due to him by the witness. That account did not include the meetings in which he did not bet or in which nothing was due to or from him. Smith and witness use to check the bets, witness was making on his behalf on the next day after the races. Witness paid Smith Rs. 400 in respect of bets on account on one occasion, that amount was paid to Smith as the latter had to pay Mr. Evans for his boarding expenses. Witness paid him a cheque for Rs. 1,360 on the 26th October. Witness might have given is to him on the 25th and post dated it. That was for payment in full of the Poona betting. The Poona Season closed on the 23rd October. Witness had made a note on the counterfoil that he had paid the amount to Smith for settlement of his bets up to date. Smith did not say that he was due to him. Up to the time of the suit he never suggested that he had been underpaid in respect of the Poona bets. For the Poona Season witness paid him altogether Rs. 2,260. His books of the Bombay firm would show the payment.

The case is proceeding

DISPUTED TRANSFER OF LEASE.

Suit Dismissed with Costs.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar concluded the hearing of the suit brought by Aishabai widow against Haji Umar Haji Adam and another for declaration that the transfer of the lease and business mentioned in the plaint was not binding on her one third share therein and that the first defendant might be ordered to account for the profits made by him under the lease and the business and that he be ordered to pay her what was due to her.

Mr. D. N. Bahadurji and Mr. D. N. Mulla instructed by Messrs Mulla and Mulla appeared for the plaintiff ; Mr. R. D. N. Wadia and Mr. W. L. Weldon, instructed by Messrs. Little and Co., were for the first defendant who was the only fighting defendant.

The facts of the case have already been published.

His Lordship, in delivering his judgment, said that there was no beneficial interest of Aishabai in the estate. The transaction, his Lordship said, when entered into was perfectly genuine. It seemed to his Lordship that the plaintiff's case, had no merits and it was an unjust litigation against the first defendant who was a respectable merchant and who had incurred costs without any security for them.

His Lordship dismissed the suit with all costs.

QUESTION OF GRANT.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Robertson delivered judgment on a preliminary issue in the suit filed by Khershedji Dadabhai Bhownagrie against Framji Nusserwanji Captain in respect of a property situated at Dhobi Talao.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusji, Dinshaw and Co., appeared for the plaintiff ; Mr. W. L. Weldon, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co., was for the defendant.

The facts of the case have already been reported.

The issue was whether the plaintiff had acquired any and if so what right in or over the yard in front of the defendant's property by virtue of any grant.

His Lordship, in delivering his judgment, answered the issue in the affirmative and held that the plaintiff had acquired the right by virtue of the grant, but his Lordship did not determine the nature and extent of that right.

RECKLESSLY CRUEL ASSAULT.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court the Honble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeal of Bhaga Udaji, who was convicted by Mr. C. C. Boyd, Sessions Judge of Ahmednagar of culpable homicide not amounting to murder of his wife aged 16 and sentenced to ten years' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused had pleaded guilty to the charge and had made a confession in which he stated that he rebuked his wife for bringing his food late. She answered him back and abused him. He thereupon absolutely lost his self-control and beat her most severely with his stick with a regular hail of blows on different parts of her body. She fell and soon died.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

MID-DAY ROBBERY.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeal of Tulia Darka, who was convicted by Mr. F. S. Varley, Sessions Judge of Khandesh, of using a deadly weapon at the time of committing a robbery and sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment.

It appeared that a woman named Kondu was going about mid-day to her field to take bread to her men when accused came with a naked sword and held it to her neck and forcibly removed from her person certain property having put her in fear of grievous hurt.

After going through the papers, their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

THE United Provinces Moslem League have issued a circular letter to the members asking their co-operation in getting up a memorial to Government for a separate representation in the Municipal and District Boards.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 5.

(Before the Hon the Chief Justice and the Hon Mr Justice BATCHELOR.)

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

46-09	Malvi H M and R Jeevandas Dhunji vs Runchordas Chaturbhuj Dickshit D and S. Part heard.
47-09	Payne and Co Purshotam Vallabdas vs Maneckbai widow and others Little and Co
48-09	J R Patel and Co Ismail Moosa and others Moosa Adam Patel and another Mirza M and M Tyabji D and Co.
49-09	Hiralal and Co Valabhdas Runchordas vs Shantaram Anant and Company Captain and V.
50-09	Shroff D and D Ravatmal Tarachand and others vs Bhabhatmal Sirdarmal and others Mulla and M.
1-10	Payne and Co Rutanbai widow M Conway Thakerdas and Co.
3-10	Payne and Mahomed bin Hoosain Mahar vs Arbuthnoth Ewart and Co Craigie B and Co.
5-10	P N Billimoria Jamnabai widow vs Joshi Shamji Morarji and another Tyabji D and Co.
7-10	Wadia G and Co Abheychand Goculdas vs Maneckji Pestonji Talati Ardeshir H D and Co.
8-10	Payne and Co Alexander Maximianlian Coutts vs The Peninsular Iron Works Ld and Co Ardeshir H D and Co.
9-10	Bhaishanker K and G Vassonji Sons and Co a firm vs Saparji Burjorji Bhurucha Thakerdas and Co.
19-10	Malvi H M and R Purshotamdas Ramgopal Hiralal and others Bicknell M and R.

(Before the Hon Mr Justice DAVAR).

For Further Direction and Costs on Commissioner's Report.

389-08	Mehta and D Ayeshabai widow vs Mahomed Sidick Haji Mohedina Payne and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

276-09	Mulla and M Aishabai vs Haji Umer Haji A Little and Co Matubhoy J and M Part heard.
259-09	Madhowji K and Co Modhibai vs G Damoder and another Jamshedji R and D
1074-09	Raghaviawa B and N Bhimabai widow vs G Veeram Wadia G and Co.
18-09	Raghavaya B and N Nairvahu alias Gungabai widow vs Shamcooverbai widow and another Shamrao M and H.
979-09	Raghavaya B and N Nairvahu alias Gangabai widow vs Shamcooverbai widow and another Shamrao M and H.
38-10	Gamaolal H Motichand Manchhasa a firm vs Kunjbehari Ravinarayen and others Captain V.
770-06	Jamshedji R and D Ishvardas Gorakhram the firm vs S Dhamrajmal and others Craigie B and Co.
1144-09	Wadia G and Co M Gordhandas vs B Jamnadass Narandass Madhowji and Bicknell M and R.
236-10	Payne and Co N. M Marshall vs J H David, Bicknell M and R.

Testamentary Suits.

5-10	Madhowji K and Co Bhai Kanji Jeram and others vs J Damji and others Edgelow G W and Co.
20-09	Tyabji D and Co B Ruderam and another vs J Dayaram and others Raghavaya B and N
22-10	Madhowji K and C K Premji vs P Jairam Khunderao L and M
4-10	Ardeshir H D and Co Rustomji E Laher vs Jehangir E Laher Edgelow G W and Co.
9-10	Mulla and Haji Jaffer M H Bachor and other vs Khatoobai widow Mirza and M.
12-10	Bicknell M and R Jamnadass Mahabha vs R Permanand Pestonji R K and Co

Long Causes.

650-08	Bhaisanker K and G The Hope Mills Ld vs Sir Cawasji Jehangir Readymoney Brt and another Mulla and M Daphtary F and D.
326-10	Thackerdas and Co K Poonumchand a firm vs K Kothare Edgelow G W and Co.
121-10	Daphtary F and D Bai Manibai vs Bai Jumnabai widow and others Madhowji K and Co.
480-10	Thakerdas and Co Pestonji H J Rustomji vs Meherbai widow Unwalla and P
250-10	Unwalla and P Meherbai vs Pestonji H J Rustomji Thakerdas and Co.

(Before the Hon Mr. Justice BEAMAN.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

103-08	Tyabji D and Co T Surdarmal and others vs Hariram Savantram Payne and Co.
81-08	Kanga and S Vijibai widow vs Goc Madhowji a firm Little and Co.
34-10	Motichand and D Dawoodbhai Jiwajee vs Khatizabai widow and others Jehangir M and S Moti and D.
41-10	Captain and V Rustomjee Eduljee Dadachanjee vs Sulleman Hajee Husein and others Thakurdas and Co.
58-10	Ardeshir H D and Co Aziza Monasah and another vs Monasseh Jacob Monasah and another Little and Co.
45-10	Mehta and D Keshuchand Pragjee vs Abdool Rassool Alibhai the firm Matubhoy J and M.
168-10	Smitham B and Co C Kheraj vs Sha Nathu Bharmal In person.
195-10	J R Patel and Co U Abdulla vs H G Rabham Jehangir M and S.
197-10	S B Mehta N Canji vs C Madhu and another Madhowji K and C Mansookhlal J and H
206-10	S B Mehta J Prema vs P Foosa and others Smitham B and Co.
878-95	Crawford B and Co, Robert G Ladlock vs G Craig and others, Kanga and Wadia G and Co.
826-08	Dickshit D and S, Khunderao Pandurang and another vs Bhai Pandurang and others Little and Co, In person.
76-09	S B Mehta, P Karanchand and others vs S Gopinath and others, Malvi H M and R
360-09	Matubhoy J M and R, Maneckji M Batliwalla and others vs N H Belgaumwalla, Ardeshir H D and Co.
208-10	Mulla and M Haji Dawood Haji Elliss vs The Hon The Advocate General of Bombay Mulla and M.
211-10	S J Judah The Advocate General of Bombay vs Narsa Saiba Payne and Co.
218-10	Captain and Haji Esmail Haji Ahmed and another vs Dayal Mowji Payne and Co.
241-10	Ardeshir H D and Co Amthalal Jamnadas vs Jivanchand Laloobhoy and Co a firm Tyabji D and Co.
258-10	Munchersha and N Ahmed Dawood vs Ibrahim Dawood and another Kunderao L and M Nanu H and Co.
268-10	Jehangir M and S Chhabildas Jeevanbhoy vs Amrithbai widow and others Jamshedji R and D Tyabji D and Co.
518-08	Chitnis M and M Pursotam Hari vs Jamnadas Lalji and another Bicknell M and R.
535-10	M B Chothia Bai Maneckbai widow vs Tricumdas Jugjivan In person.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice ROBERTSON).

For Judgment.

286-10	C P D'Cunha Motilal Vithalal and another vs The Advocate General of Bombay and others Little and Co Mehta and D Dadachanji and P Jah G and B Jeh M and S.

For Dismissal.

457-10	Thakardas A Ghandy Dwarkadas Gangadas vs Hoosainally Ahmedally.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

306-10	Payne and Co T Gordhandas vs J C Smith Crawford and Co.
363-10	Crawford B and Co J C Smith vs G Khatao
638-08	Tyabji D and Co Balkrishna Shivlal and another vs Girdharlal Mulla and M.
387-10	Jamshedji R and D F Frazer vs AM Frazer and another
528-08	Unwalla and P Kaikhusrow B Chokay vs Ramdas Tribhovandas Mowji Konderaw L and M.
63-09	Kunderao L and M Jadavji Naryendas vs Varjlal Govindji sad others Malvi H M and R Motivahu D and D Jeh G and B.
1066-08	Shroff D and D Co Ld vs Vasoodev Naryen Khare, Chitnis M and R.
941-07	Jamshedji R and D K M Kothare vs Mohanlal Poonjalhoy and others, Edgelow G W and Co Smitham B and Co.
429-09	N B Vakil Narayen Ramji Chawan and others vs Dinanath Ramji Chawan M and M N B Vakil and another R

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

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DOCKYARD.

H M S Redbreast .....Comdr Shuter.....H M S
H M S Perseus .....Comdr Beaty Powell.....H M S
R I M S Lapwing ..Lt Comdr MacLean....Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge.....Comdr Farewell.....R I M
R I M S Northbrook ..Comdr J Marsack .....R I M S
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....R I M
R I M S Investigator...Comdr W Y Beauchamp..... Survey Steer
R I M S Polinarus ..Comdr Tayl r.....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Aug 4.

Badric .....1613 Jones .....
Brasilana.....2429 Snowdon Captain .....
Clematis.....2368 Robinson ...Andrew Zuel & Co
Cowno .....3155 Falla.....W&A Graham & Co
Ferozsi .....2029 Johnstone .....B & P S N & Co
Felician .....27 5 Falck.....T Morrison & Co
Harpenden.....2302 Cromack.....
Hild.....719 Salvesen.....F F Campbell & Co
Islami .....1604 Green.....B & P S N & Co
Kola.....510 Morri on .....M M & Co
Mars .....22 6 Goodwin .....M M & Co
Najmi .....2522 Hallet .....B & A M Jeewanji
Nowshera .....1961 Rose.....M M & Co
Nadir.....2041 Atkin.....T Morrison & Co
Nurani .....2870 Clingan.....T Morrison & Co
Orissa .....3525 Kedslie.....M M & Co
Shah Jehan .....2566 Born .....B & H S N & Co
Salfi.....502 Willoughley.B & H S N & Co
Strathgarry .....2340 Neill.....

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Aug. 4.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
B Clan Macpherson	3041	Macpherson	Chittagong	...10 8	...James Finlay & Co
C&B Hakata Maru	3820	Mocker	Kobe	12-8 ..	N Y Kaisha
F Abydos	1939	Smailes	Rangoon	N F	G Cassam
G Mohammadi	1251	Geddis	Zanzibar	10 8	B & P S N Co
H Moshtari	1109	Watson	Persian Gulf	9 8	B & P S N Co
M Virawa	2176	Emmett	Calcutta	9 8	M M & Co
N Ariel	2208	Race	Dunkirk	12 8	W & A Graham & Co
O Rahmani	1872	Coats	Jeddah	10 8	B & P S N & Co
P Silverdale	2440	McLeod	Hull	10-8	W & A Graham & Co
Q Nonsuch	2414	Alston	Hull	10-8	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Castalia	4080	Hamilton	Liverpool	11 8	W & A Graham & Co
5 Afghanistan	2349	Bliult	Havre	9 8	M M & Co
7 Trifels	3920	Vollers	Hamburg	11-8	W & A Graham & Co
9 Egypt	4163	Summers	London	13 8	P & O S N Co
16 Waroonga	1609	Chappell	Busreh	8 8	M M & Co

H W P D

Indravati	513	Fakeera	B Nagar	4 8	Bo S N Co Ld
Bahaduri	829	Fakeera	N F	Bo 3 N Co Ld	
Sarasvati	443	Ahmed	Marmagoa	6 8	Bo S N Co Ld

H W V D

Linga	951	Cutbush	Karachi	5 8	M M & Co

M W D D

Ujina	3926	Bill	Rangoon	N F	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
4	Dumbea	Rebufat	Noumea, June 25
	Ujina	Hill	Akyab, May 22
	Marie	Goodwin	Bunbury, July 9
	Strathgarry	Neill	Karachi, Aug. 1

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
4	Kalibia	Stewart	Dunkirk
	Dumbea	Rebufat	Marseilles
	Glenclunv	Craig	Calcutta

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The German East Africa Line steamer President arrived at Mombasa from Bombay on the 2nd instant. The same Co.'s steamer Markgraf left Mombasa for Bombay on the 2nd instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Elysia outward bound passed Suez on the 3rd and is expected here on the noon of the 13th instant.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.
BY CAPTAIN H.E.E. PROCTER, A. D. C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 5th August.

The British Infantry Range at Colaba will be available for practice on the following Saturday afternoons in August 20th and 27th.

SCHOOL OF ARMS.

The above Class will be held in the Town Hall on Tuesday evening next, the 9th inst. from 6 p.m.

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjt., Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 5th August.

588. Parade.—Monday 8th instant.—"G" Coy. Recruits Parade at 6-30 p.m. at the Cathedral High School.

589. Lecture.—Lecture for N. C. Officers at Headquarters on Tuesdays at 6-30 p.m. commencing Tuesday 9th instant.

Subject.—Infantry Training 1905 pages 106 to 111 and 137 to 144.

590. Leave.—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to No. 6355 Vol. R. ... Abbott, "G" Coy. from 1st August to 11th September, 1910.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUG. 4.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia s—2,000 cwts oil cakes, Glade and Co; 100 cwts dilseed, 1,000 cwts fennelseed, 99 cottonseed, L Drefuss and Co; 27 bales wool, H Callimji 75 bales wool, The Bombay and Co, Ld; 54 bales wool, M Ruttansee; 19 bales wool W and A Graham and Co; 20 bales wool, 8 bales goat hair, R M Kooka; 1,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—156 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co; 13 bales skins, P E Boyce and Sons; 10 cwts ivory; K N Mianee and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Castalia s—200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 6,000 cwts groundnuts; L Drefus and Co; 110 bales cotton, fly and 10 bales hemp K Visram and Co.

FOR SANTANDON.

Castalia s—80 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co;

FOR BARCELONA.

Castalia s—450 bales cotton, Bamji and Co.

FOR HULL.

Nonouch s—14,687 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji; 4,875 cwts cottonseed, T Memrej 6,002 cwts cottonseed, W Beohar.

Silverdale s—4,001 cwts cottonseed, W Beohar.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Ariel s—700 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co; 1,000 tons manganese ore, S Smidt and Co.

Afghanistan s—1,000 cwts castorseed, H Maganlal.

FOR HAMBURG.

Trefels s—60 bales cotton fly, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR HONGKONG.

Hakata Maru s—1,600, bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Hakata Maru s—182 bales cotton, M M Essabhoy; 630 bales cotton, Vatchghandi and Sons.

FOR OSAKA.

Hakata Maru s—200 bales cotton, Glasbrook and 200 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading and Co; 500 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Hakata Maru s—200 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.

MALARIA.

NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,

is a rational Remedy for Ague, Malarial, Bilious, Plague and other Fevers. A General Bitter Tonic, and Heart Stimulent. Per bottle, Re. 1.

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"ZAM-ZAM."

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Snowflake, 150 deg	6 8 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg	6 8 2	" "
Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg	4 12 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg	4 3 0	per two tins.
" 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

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FACING THE SEA.

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JVARA-HARI.—The greatest fever destroyer in the world.

OMUM CARPOOR—Cures all stomach troubles, indigestion, diarrhœa, flatulence, spasms, etc.

No household and travellers should be without these.

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(A Selection of Leading Cases.)

By W. E. H. Re. 1.

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Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 5th August 1910.

INDIAN PROTEST MEETING.

WE have little faith in the efficacy of Wednesday's meeting in London to protest against the treatment of domiciled Indians in the Transvaal; for, although meetings have been held before and strong resolutions passed, they have failed to have much effect. The Mother Country will not interfere in the internal economy of the colonies and no matter what promises Lord Ampthill may extort from Lord Crewe, nothing can be done unless the conscience of the Union of South Africa be touched and the manifest injustice to their fellow British subjects be brought home to her Ministers. Colonel Seely's statement that domiciled Indians are not being deported, and his undertaking that they shall be fairly and honourably treated were doubtless made in ignorance of the actual facts, but the request to Lord Morley to prevent the further emigration of indentured labourers to South Africa may serve to bring the truth into stronger light. The suspension of the supply of indentured coolies would cripple Natal, but it is necessary to punish our colony that the others comprised in the Union may realise the unfairness of their action and what it is Sir Munoherjee Bhownagree means when he alleges that the pledges of the Imperial Government have been violated by the action of the Transvaal. As to the deportation of domiciled Indians a memorial was sent by the Madras branch of the Indian South African League to the Government of India the other day, which affords some information which will probably surprise Colonel Seely when he sees it. It is not an agglomeration of allegations having reference to a long period of time, but to a recent case—that of the sixty British Indians who were landed here by the s. s. "Umhloti," deportees through Mozambique.

In the Madras memorial personal details are given of fifty-six and it is shown that at least half of them were born outside India, the bulk of them in South Africa and even in the Transvaal itself. Of the others several claim domicile in Natal. With few exceptions these men had voluntarily registered in 1908, whilst others possessed qualifications entitling them to registration. "Last year in the House of Commons and the House of Lords," says the memorial, "the Imperial Ministers declared in reply to interpellations that Indians born in the Transvaal or domiciled elsewhere in South Africa were not being removed outside the limits of South Africa. It appears, however, that without proper investigation and without giving the deportees the opportunity of proceeding to the colony of their birth or domicile the Transvaal authorities removed them over the Portuguese border and handed them over to the custody of the Portuguese police, who without giving the men the opportunity to return to the Transvaal or to any other part of South Africa to make good their claims to residence have deported them to India at the expense of the Transvaal Government." There is no reason to doubt the accuracy of their statement, and it appears that although the Transvaal Supreme Court has decided that a deportation order is issued by a Magistrate in his administrative capacity and is unappealable, and the Court has also decided that when a man has been registered and fails upon demand to give particulars of identification, he may be dealt with penally but may not be removed from the colony, yet these men who were registered, and some of them well-known to the local officials, have been removed both ignominiously and illegally. Details concerning another batch of twenty-four Indians from the Transvaal are given—mostly registered men and many of them claiming a domicile in Natal. Although these men were sent over here at the expense of the Transvaal Government, they were on arrival found to be in a destitute condition and in many cases even clothing had to be found for them. In numerous instances these deportees have been torn away from their families, who remain in South Africa and not less than fifty families there are dependent for their maintenance on funds raised for that propose by the Indian public.

These facts surely cannot be known even to Lord Crewe or his lieutenant or we should not have had the statement to which Wednesday's resolutions make reference. We do not know the text of the resolutions which are to be sent to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, but we trust they are as simply and as accurately put as the representation of the Madras branch of the society, whose statement that some of these deportees have never before seen India, will occasion considerable surprise to Lord Crewe. We need not express astonishment that the Madras Association considers experiences of the kind tend very greatly to increase racial difficulties, or that they feel very strongly that since the Transvaal Indian deportees have been wrongfully and arbitrarily removed to this country from their homes, and as they will have to return there at an early date they are entitled to suggest that the cost of repatriation should be defrayed out of public funds. To agree to this proposal would amount to a declaration that the Transvaal Government had acted illegally and would probably open the door to long litigation with the object of recovering damages. So it is not probable the Transvaal Government will admit its mistake. But there can beno doubt whatever that equitably the Transvaal Government should be called upon not only to defray the cost of the repatriation of the men who can prove a South African domicile, but also to compensate them for loss and inconvenience, to say nothing of the mental trouble, its officers have caused to these men and their families. Had they been criminals or seditionmongers they could not have been more cruelly handled.

THE CUTCHRA FURNACE. IT IS about twenty-five years since the first attempt was made in Bombay to burn the town's refuse in a furnace constructed for the purpose. It was built on the flats to the design of the then Executive Engineer of the Municipality, and a few hours of experiment proved that it was wrong, both in principle and construction, betraying a profound ignorance of furnace design. It stood for years, an example of useless guesswork, and a subject for joking among mill-engineers, who used to compare the grate area with the dimensions of the iron chimney. The next attempt was with a design that hailed from Bradford, and was known as the beehive furnace. It was built at the back of the Municipal Workshops and after vain attempts to burn material fer which it was not designed, it had to be stopped on account of the abominable nuisance it caused in the neighbourhood. The third attempt was made at the expense of a very public-spirited citizen, who certainly had the courage of his opinions, for he built a lofty rectangular brick tower on the flats, in which he proposed to dry the cutchra with waste heat before it should reach the fire. The material was hoisted to the top of the tower about eighty feet and lowered gradually through the hot rising gases from the fire. It did not take long to discover that the vapours from this drying process, which escaped unburnt were so offensive that the work had to be stopped, and so badly was this furnace designed that nothing could be done in the way of alteration to make it fit for use. The third attempt was made on the site of the beehive furnace so as to utilise the chimney that was built for it. It was the design of a local engineer of considerable experience, who knew exactly what material he had to deal with, and also knew the history of previous experiments made here and in Calcutta. His contract required him to operate this furnace in a satisfactory manner for a period; which he did, but after it was handed over to the Municipality it had to be stopped as a public nuisance. All these attempts resulted in dead loss.

It is now proposed to put up a Horsfall Destructor to burn the refuse of Bombay. This type of furnace has been known for a good many years in England, where it has rendered excellent service, heating boilers, to raise steam for electric lighting and other purposes, furnishing clinker for the manufacture of concrete and mortar, and working without smoke, but the refuse it deals with is quite different from that of Bombay. It contains a large amount of partially burnt coal which is absent in our cutchra. In the best experiments, the cutchra of Bombay in fine weather is barely able to burn itself without any surplus heat to spare for other purposes. In wet weather it requires a supplement of coal to render combustion possible, and the large proportion of incombustible matter that remains must be carted away at some expense. The Horsfall Destructor, in spite of its reputation as a smoke burner in England, depends for its results on good stoking, but in Bombay between the inferior material burnt, and the chances of mismanagement, its chance of success is very small. There is nothing in which the Bombay Municipality has failed more conspicuously than in the matter of smoke prevention. For many years the boiler chimney at Worli has been the worst offender on the Island, and while similar boilers were working admirably in certain mills, the Worli chimney continued to belch forth its torrents of black smoke and to defeat, by its example, the efforts of the Health Office to enforce the smoke regulations. In spite of the improvements which have been made in furnaces for the burning of refuse, no improvement is possible in our local cutchra, which will continue to be always loaded with earthy and incombustible matter, and, during the rains will be very wet in addition. No system of furnaces would dispense with the necessity of trains for the removal of a large portion of the refuse of the City. It would therefore be no more than prudent to consider whether the proposed expenditure on furnaces would not be better applied to the improvement of collection and transport of the refuse.

THE NEW VICEROY'S TITLE. IT has at last been intimated by what style the new Viceroy desires to be known, and the prediction of the "World" turns out to be a true one. His Excellency will be addressed as Baron Hardinge of Penshurst, thus retaining the family name and associating with his title the name of the village where the family seat in Kent is situated. We presume the delay in the announcement has been caused by difficulty with the College of Heralds, which, no doubt, raised many objections to the idea of one man adopting a style which is already worn by his brother. In this respect the Hardinge family must create a record, for they can now boast two Lords. Some objection may also have been taken to the adoption of the name Penshurst, as the Hardinges are not the only family who have a claim upon it. However, Lord Hardinge has probably had the same distaste as many a man before him to losing his patronymic on elevation to a higher estate and being a man of determination has got his way. He will have to retain the Penshurst, we presume, in his signature —and probably in England in his ordinary appellation—to distinguish him from his brother, who is Viscount Hardinge of Lahore and King's Newton. In India, little confusion between the two is likely to arise, and at any rate the title will serve, as it is intended, as a reminder of family traditions and of the eminent services rendered to this country by the first Viscount, while the possible confusion of future generations is not our business. It is easy to recall other instances where two persons have been entitled to similar titles, but there has usually been no difficulty in arranging that they shall be worn by only one man at the same time. One which occurs to memory at the moment is that of "Windsor," the present holder of which figured successfully the other day in the University tennis doubles. The Earl of Plymouth is entitled also to be called Viscount Windsor, while one of the many titles of his neighbour in Glamorgan, the Marquis of Bute, is that of Earl of Windsor. The title of Windsor, however, is taken by the eldest son of Lord Plymouth, and the eldest son of Lord Bute is known as the Earl of Dumfries.

THE Viceroy and Lady Minto entertained the non-official members of Council at lunch yesterday afternoon.

IT is understood that the Nasik Conspiracy Case will not be heard by the Special Tribunal of the Bombay High Court till after the October vacation.

THE Madras Provincial Congress Committee has telegraphed a protest against the Seditious Meetings Bill to the Viceroy.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Himalaya," with the outward mails of the 29th ultimo, passed Suez at 10 p.m. on Wednesday, the 3rd instant.

IT is understood a despatch will shortly be going home recommending the equalisation of pay of Royal Engineer Officers in the P. W. D. with that of their non-military confreres in the same department.

THE "Bombay Government Gazette" contains an order forfeiting all copies of a book entitled "Deshi Bat" or "The story of the Country," a Hindi translation of a Bengali book, and printed in Bombay.

THE current "Bombay Government Gazette" contains amended rules which it is proposed to issue with regard to ships having petroleum on board and entering Bombay harbour, and which provide that such ships must anchor at a special anchorage.

IN a case brought by Manilal Bannerjee, a law-student, against one German, a fireman on the North Western Railway, for abuse and assault. The accused undertook to make a written apology and pay rupees twenty as compensation to the complainant which was accepted.

MISS MARIE HALL, the celebrated violinist, who as announced by Reuter, has just set out on a world's tour, will tour in India and the Far East under the management of Mr. Maurice Bandmann. She is expected in Bombay in December.

DURING the week ended, August 2nd, ten and a half chests of opium were removed from the Warehouse at Bombay having been purchased by the farmers at the following places:—Muli, 1-2; Nasik, 3; Poona, 5; and Wadia and Balasenor one each. During the same week 68 chests were imported from Indore.

CHEFOO has thrown out of work approximately 20,000 people who earned their living in the service of forty wild cocoon silk spinning mills. These spinning mills were compelled to shut down, says a Shanghai paper, in consequence of gradual falling off observed in the demands from abroad since last spring. There are only a few mills still running and these, too, will not be able to keep up the losing business very long. The wild cocoon silk market has dropped to such a point that it is lower by 20 per cent. than the purchase cost itself; and the holders of stocks are said to be at a loss as to how to get rid of them.

THE Government of India has, the *Pioneer* understands, sanctioned the following changes in the organisation for musketry instruction in India. In future all musketry staffs and schools will come under theGeneral Staff Army Head-quarters. The present school at Pachmarhi will become a central school and the Changla Gali, Satara and Maymyo branch schools will be brought under the control of the Commandant of the Central School, who will correspond direct with the chief of the General Staff General Officers commanding will correspond direct with the Commandant of the Central School on musketry questions. The duties of the musketry staff will, as a rule, be confined to those of instruction at the schools or at such other places as may be directed. An Indian Army order giving effect to these changes will shortly be published.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending August 2nd was 658, giving a death-rate of 34·99 per annum per thousand as against 29·62 the corresponding period of last year, and 36·22 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 51 died from fevers; 38, plague; 4, smallpox; 3, measles; 1, cholera; 41, phthisis; 40, diseases of the nervous system; 174, affections of the respiratory organs; 74, diarrhœa; 34, dysentery; 29, still-born; 85, old-age and debility; 8, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 21; Brahmin, 18; Lingaet, 4; Bhattia, 6; Hindu of other caste, 300; Hindu low caste, 86; Musalman, 148; Parsee, 27; Jew, 6; Native Christian, 28; Eurasian, 5; European, 7; Negro-African, 1; Buddhist, 1. The total number of births was 387 as against 339 the corresponding period of last year, and 346 the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JULY 15.

THE KING.

THE King and Queen left Marlborough House on Monday for Aldershot, travelling by motor-car, and will stay for the remainder of the week at the Royal Pavilion. Not since its occupation by the Duke of Connaught will it have been so long a royal residence. King Edward stayed there occasionally for three days, the last time just before he had to return to London to prepare for the operation which caused the delay of the Coronation. They reached Aldershot just before four o'clock. Their Majesties were received at the gates of the Royal Pavilion by General Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien, and a guard of honour of the 4th Royal Fusiliers. After inspecting the guard of honour the King and Queen re-entered their motor-car, and were driven up to the house where they were received by the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, who had arrived at the pavilion a few minutes earlier. The King looked very well and stood laughing and chatting with the Duke and General Smith-Dorrien for some minutes before entering the House for tea. A significant fact which gives the keynote to the purpose of the visit is that only one guard of honour will be mounted at the Royal Pavilion—that of the 4th Royal Fusiliers. His Majesty is their colonel-in-chief, and theirs was long his favourite military uniform. The guard will be mounted with band and regimental colours. For the rest of his stay the King will dispense with all ceremonial parades. The Queen is likely to devote her attention to those matters in which she is an expert—the hospitals and the home. Besides visiting some of the hospitals she may be expected to give close attention to the married quarters and the soldiers' homes generally. Both their Majesties may inspect the equipment of the hospitals.

WOMEN'S WEEK.

To say that the House of Commons is divided in opinion on the merits of the Suffrage Bill, which will be debated to-day and to-morrow, is not to state the case precisely. The absolute truth is that the House is confused. Members have been deluged with letters and circulars (2s. per 1,000, cash with order) beseeching them for their credit's sake to vote for or against the Bill according to the organisation which sent the missives out. One prominent legislator says he is collecting the letters as souvenirs of the historic divisions that will take place, and another threatens to paper his library with them. He explains the look of them will keep him humble. Some who have stout hearts but weak consciences have fled from the Strangers' Lobby as from the judgment of Sodom, for the persistence of the canvassers who have entered the sacred precincts of the House is abnormal. Some time shortly before eleven o'clock to-morrow night the fateful division will be taken and will settle, perhaps altogether, the future of the Bill. No party spirit will be shown in the speeches, no opposition will have the support of the Front Benches nor be repelled by the Government representatives.

MARKING TIME.

Pleased at the second reading of the Women's Franchise Bill by a majority of 109, but disappointed at the reference of the Bill to a Committee of the whole House—which means that no time will be found for it this session—the militant Suffragettes are now "marking time", while awaiting the result of efforts to induce Mr. Asquith to give facilities for its further progress.

GAY BOURNEMOUTH.

Bournemouth's second round of centenary rejoicings, was as blithe and merry as the first. If the weather was not quite ideal it was well above the average, and at times the sun shone out as if it really meant it. Prizes had been offered for the most handsomely decorated shops along the route of the centenary procession, and some of the tradesmen had shown considerable skill in the decorative schemes they had employed. Yesterday's big event was the first of this carnival. Prizes of £50, £40, and £30, were offered for the best allegorical picture presented in the procession, which occupied the whole of the inner circle in Meyrick Park. There were almost 200 characters in some of the tableaux and, of course, the town of Bournemouth was represented in them. It was shown in 1810, and in 1910, and a pretty comparison in the customs of then and now was drawn by a group of children dressed to represent the two periods.

HENLEY REGATTA.

This year's Henley maintained its weather record to the bitter end, and the big day passed without a gleam of sunshine, and drizzling rain fell for some time in the afternoon. During the four days' racing there has been less than two hours' sunshine, and last year's bad weather record was easily eclipsed. There was a capital attendance despite the chilling atmosphere, and two gallant victories for England roused some of the old-time enthusiasm. The average of keen and exciting racing was well maintained and in this respect the regatta has been one of the best of recent years.

RICKSHAWS.

The rickshaw habit is growing in popularity in this country. At Clifton, the rickshaw service has already met with considerable success, and it is now proposed to start services at Bath, where the runners are being registered as street chairmen, and the fares are to be regulated at 6d. per mile or 2s. per hour. It is stated that rickshaws will be seen at Brighton and other seaside towns in the South. An elegant rickshaw, with ball bearings and pneumatic tyres, can be had for £20. Generally, they are made for one person only, but they can be had for couples.

AIRWOMEN.

Only in my last letter I spoke of the first lady who received a license to compete at aero meeting; now I have to relate a sad accident which befell her. The Baronne de la Roche, the first woman to pilot an aeroplane, was hurt at Rheims aviation meeting. Just before one o'clock the Baroness ascended to compete for the ladies' prize and amid the acclamations of a large crowd, accomplished without mishap a couple of circuits of the course at a height of about 80 metres. Suddenly descending slightly, she found herself in imminent danger of colliding with two other aeroplanes, and she seems to have lost her nerve. She determined to come to earth, and hurriedly deflected the elevating planes, with the result that the machine came down from a height of about 50 metres almost like a stone, and was completely smashed The Baroness is in hospital and very little hope is entertained of her recovery.

It will be remembered that Lady Abdy ascended with Mr. Grahame White in his biplane sometime ago, and but for the courage of Mr. White a serious accident might have occurred. Lady Abdy presented to Mr. Grahame White, a diamond and pearl tie pin, and Sir William Abdy, a gold cigarette case with "Good luck" inscribed in diamonds on the side, in memory of the occasion. Lady Abdy has also given £50,000 towards the promotion of a scheme for an aerial passenger line from London to Paris.

SALES.

Shopping matinees are quite a feature of London life just now. No lady with any "savoir vivre" in her composition can resist the offers which are being made in the treasure houses of the West End during this summer sale season, and fair shoppers are adding to the enjoyment of their purchasing excursions by making up parties amongst themselves, and spending the afternoons together amid the joys of the bargain hunt. In the large establishments the tea-rooms on the premises are crowded every afternoon now with matinee shopping parties from Mayfair, Belgravia, and the suburbs.

SUFFERING HUSBANDS.

"Why are women such fools during the sales? My wife to-day brought any amounts of things home, including a hat, a chair, newspaper rack, two tea-pots, and several curtain lengths. When I protested, she replied: 'Well, the sale is on. They were so cheap.' We hear a lot nowadays about domestic economy being taught to girls. For goodness sake, why can't they be taught the art of sensible shopping—not buying things they don't want just because they happen to be cheap? If not, can't we suffering husbands be protected by a law to prohibit such things as summer sales?"

FASHIONS.

It is pleasant to see the pleated skirt again, which appears in its native element in serge and light-weight cloth, but not exactly as it was presented before. Fashion never repeats herself letter for letter, but adds diversity to every resuscitation. Therefore the pleats are set at the sides only, and are given the restraining influence of a straight panel or tunic in front and at the back, and there are broad bands of the material set low over them, so that the popular tied-in appearance is not altogether lost. No wonder the fashion for wearing strings is on the increase. They are delightfully becoming when they evidently have no mission to fulfil except that of piquancy. When their object is strictly utilitarian that piquancy is apt to depart. With the bergere hat they are disposed in some cases with a fine disregard for utility at the back; in others flying loosely and then again they are tied demurely beneath the chin, in which position they look best under a pretty young face.

LINEN SUITS.

If I am to talk about summer frocks let me once more make kindly reference to the linen coats and skirts, which please me exceedingly. This year a special effort seems to have been made in the direction of toiles, which are most attractive when put to the purpose of making up tailored coats and skirts, which are to be had in many varieties and in a wonderful range of colours. Generally speaking, the coat is made with five seams, and sometimes with a basque which is joined so cunningly that the seams look straight cut, and all in one, the joining being covered by a belt of black satin or patent leather, which is a good deal worn here. If there is a lining, it is usually white, but Japanese figured muslin may be used. Pleats and tucks and openwork embroidery may be the trimming for both coat and skirt, and lace is also introduced. Many of the linen coats are made with half sleeves, the reason being that in this, as in other narrow materials, when the sleeve is cut in one with the back, the width does not allow for more than an elbow sleeve. The same thing is a feature of many afternoon frocks, and for the rest the arm may either be left bare or a fancy sleeve of lawn or, in the case of a voile or foulard, of silk may be introduced. Short sleeves are made plain, but some that are longer are rather decorative. Both on sleeves and belts, and as the legitimate fastening, little buttons appear, and these are sometimes of crochet, sometimes of the material stretched over wooden discs, and embroidered daintily.

THE MILK SUPPLY.

Milk consisting of minute globules of fat suspended in a solution of casein, albumin, sugar and inorganic salts, is of extremely rare occurrence in this city. The man in the street knows it not. Privileged beings like the Rotund Radhalive on it, hence obesity and diabetes. The second kind, consisting of myriads of bacili floating in unfiltered Hooghly water, is liberally served in all first-class hotels, superior "boarding houses, and by street vendors of "gurum cha." It poisons ninety-nine out of every hundred citizens and is deified by undertakers and Bengalee L.M.S.s. The third kind is imported from Scotland and is used by most Europeans and England-returned Babus as an antidote to the second sort. It flows freely at the races, football matches and garden parties, and if you would belive me you could not mop it in more agreeable from than Kellner's I.C.S. Now on which of these varieties is the concentrated penetration of the twelve apostles and Mr. Payne to be directed? It is a serious question. If it is intended to make the first the object of enquiry and report, then I am sorry for the hot gospellers. Their task will be as fruitless as the search of Diogenes. If it is the second they are after, then they had better wait until Mr. MacCabe's reservoir is finished. If it is the last, then they have made a big mistake in leaving Swadeshi Banerjee out of the Committee.

In all seriousness I think the appointment of this Committee is another example of that egregious bunkum to which the Calcutta Corporation and the Bengal Government are so partial. Nothing good and practical will come of the enquiry which will be in the last degree academic for the simple reason that nobody is in earnest about reform. It is all very fine for Mr. Philip Shelton to take a metaphorical milk pail on his head and cry "Milk O"; or for Mr. Justice Brett to paint a lurid canvas worthy of Gustave Dore of the massacre of innocents by the Herod "Gowla"; or, again, for Dr. Pearse to describe in learned jargon what happens when the product of the street tap is mixed with the fluid of the mammary glands of female mammals; but which of them is willing to make a practical effort on his own account to vend pure milk? It is the same with the Government. Some months ago I took the Director of Agriculture to see the dairy which the Loreto Nuns had established at Entally for the proper nourishment of nearly two hundred Christian orphans for whom the Education Department allow a grant which would not keep body and soul together in ten fat Babus. The official was lost in admiration of what these devoted and self-effacing Nuns had accomplished without fuss, or advertisement, or pulling appeals to public charity. He saw more than half a hundred cows and calves, principally of the Mooltanee breed, in the pink of condition, beautifully sleek and alert, and evidently in the highest state of contentment. The shed in which they were stalled had been designed and built by a Jesuit lay brother, and the arrangements for light and air and general comfort were nearly perfect. He saw the clean and sweet cans in which the milk was collected, and the shining churns for butter. I have not tasted richer milk or butter since I left Ireland, except perhaps at Brother O'Brien's at Kurseong. Now what have the Government of Bengal done to encourage the Loreto Nuns to foonsevere a portion of the childlife of Calcutta? Nothing, absolutely nothing. As for the Corporation, it does not even know of the existence of the Entally Convent dairy, and even if it did it would make no grant, for some of the pesky lawyers would be sure to oppose such support on the score that it is not contemplated by the Act.

At Wednesday's conclave Ritter Jan Mitter in his wonted cockcure way said that private dairy enterprise in Calcutta had failed, and it was high time the Municipality should step into the breach. Myes! Municipal milk! Good Lord! If Calcutta were full of philosophers as trouble-some as Socrates municipal milk would be an effient substitute for hemlock; but as complacent fatheads preponderate, who have no wish to die before their time, the Government of Bengal should immediately proclaim the movement for a municipal dairy farm a seditious, pernicious, murderous. The "gowla" is an unconscionable scoundrel when he trades on his own; but when he becomes a municipal employe the mind will be paralysed by his malignant deviltry. The Calcutta Corporation has many good points which I sincerely admire, but it has not yet discovered the way to recruit the subordinate ranks of the Municipality with men who are ever passably honest. Until

THE TRANSVAAL INDIANS.

PROTEST MEETING IN LONDON.

Violation of Imperial Pledges.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 3.

A public meeting, held this afternoon in London, protested against the treatment of the domiciled Indians in the Transvaal, and especially the deportations via Mozambique. A series of resolutions was passed, appealing to Lord Crewe for protection, reminding him of Colonel Seely's statements that domiciled Indians were not being deported, and should be fairly and honourably treated, and urging Lord Morley to prevent the further emigration of identured labourers to South Africa, until redress was obtained.

Sir M. Bhownaggree, who presided, pointed out that the pledges of the Imperial Government had been violated by the action of the Transvaal.

He read a letter from Mr. Ameer Ali, deploring the effect of the situation on British rule in India.

Sir Charles Bruce wrote, "The honour and dignity of one-sixth of the human race are involved."

There were numerous speakers, including Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

Mr. Ritch will shortly proceed to South Africa bearing messages of sympathy and encouragement to the Indians in the Transvaal. He says unless the matter is quickly settled, the agitation here and in South Africa will be organised on a much larger scale.

RAILWAY AGITATION IN ENGLAND.

Settlement in View.

LONDON, AUGUST 3.

In connection with the railway agitation with reference to the working of the Conciliation Boards, the Manager of the Great Northern Railway, has had a meeting with the men's representatives, after which it was officially announced that it was believed a settlement had been effected.

TRADE ARBITRATION.

Australian Bill Passed.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

After a long debate, the Commonwealth House of Representatives, has passed a Bill extending the powers of the Arbitration Court to every industry, and providing compulsory preference to Trade Unionists.

The Opposition vigorously opposed the preference clause as tyrannical.

THE KING AND THE HOSPITALS.

Increased Subscription.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

On the occasion of the King's visit to the London Hospital, His Majesty doubled his yearly subscription to King Edward's Hospital fund, making it £1,000 annually.

The King has also given £150 to the fund, which is being raised for the widow of Mr. Cox.

ROYAL VISITS.

LONDON, AUGUST 3.

The King and Queen of Spain have arrived on a visit to Princess Henry of Battenberg in the Isle of Wight.

Reuter telegraphs from Berlin that it is semi-officially announced that the Tsar and Tsaritsa will visit Germany in the Autumn, the latter undergoing a heart-cure at Nauheim. The visit will most probably include a meeting with the Kaiser.

THE SYRIAN REVOLT.

Moslems and Christians Massacred.

LONDON, AUGUST 3.

Reuter telegraphs from Constantinople that the Druses of the Hauran made a night attack on three mixed Moslem and Christian villages, and massacred hundreds of men, women and children, of both confessions.

LOCK-OUT IN DUTCH COTTON TRADE.

LONDON, AUGUST 3.

A complete lock-out has begun at Enschede, the cotton centre of the Netherlands over a partial strike in one mill. Eight thousand hands are affected.

THE TWO NEW JUDGES.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

Mr. Horace Avory, K. C., and Mr. T. G. Horridge, K. C., have been appointed Judges of King's Bench.

[Mr. Horace Edmund Avory was born in 1851 and was educated at King's College, London, and Corpus Christi College, Cambridge. He was called to the Bar in 1875, was appointed junior Counsel to the Treasury in the Central Criminal Court in 1889, Senior Counsel in 1892 and took silk in 1901.]

[Mr. Thomas Gardner Horridge, K. C., was called to the Bar in 1884 and became King's Counsel in 1901. He has been Liberal Member for Manchester East since 1906, and his elevation to the Bench will cause a bye-election in that division.]

PERILS OF AVIATION.

Fatalities in Europe and America.

PROHIBITORY ORDER IN GERMANY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 3.

The aeroplanist, M. Chavez at Blackpool reached an altitude of 5,405ft., which is officially registered as a world's record.

A Berlin telegram states that the district police have issued regulations forbidding uncertificated aviators to undertake spectacular ascents. Cross-country flights over towns are prohibited.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

Mr. Nicholas Kinet, a relative of the airman who lost his life at Ghent recently, fell yesterday from a height of 700 feet at Brussels, and was killed. His wife witnessed the tragedy. The accident was caused by a stay breaking, and becoming entangled in the motor.

The American, Dr. Walden, has been killed while aeroplaning at Long Island.

THE LIBERIAN LOAN.

French Opinion Reassured.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

The Liberian loan will be shared equally by the United States, British, French and German bankers. It will be guaranteed on the Customs.

The *Times* says French opinion may be reassured as there is no question of anything but a loan which will naturally carry a supervision of the Customs and general financial advice. The *Times* emphasises that Liberia needs support and guidance, especially in her native policy, and this can surely be given with due consideration to the views of all interested Powers.

PRINCE HENRY'S VISIT TO BELGIUM.

Postponed by an Accident.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

Reuter wires from the Hague that Prince Henry has postponed his visit to Brussels owing to falling from a bicycle and fracturing his collarbone.

THE VICEROY-ELECT.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

The King has received in audience Lord Hardinge, who has gone to Kent on short leave. He will not relinquish his post at the Foreign Office till the end of September.

DEATH OF VISCOUNT TSUYOSHI INOUYO.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

The *Times* announces the death in London of Viscount Tsuyoshi Inouyo.

AMERICAN ELECTIONS.

Republican Ascendancy.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

It is noteworthy that insurgent Republicans have gained the ascendancy in Kansas and Iowa in the primary elections for Republican Conventions.

TURKISH NAVAL ACTIVITY.

One New and Four Old Battleships.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

Besides ordering a new battleship from Messrs. Armstrongs, Turkey is purchasing not two but four battleships of the "Brandenburg" class from Germany. This is apparently the offset to the delivery of a new Creek cruiser.

RELIGIOUS WAR IN SPAIN.

Troops Held Ready.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

Reuter wires fromMadrid that the announcement of Republican counter demonstration on Sunday has further infuriated the Catholics, especially as the Minister of the Interior has now forbidden the Catholic demonstration. Troops are being held in readiness to proceed to San Sebastian in case of need,

SHIP REPAIRERS' STRIKE.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

Owing to a small strike of ship repairers at Govan in contravention of national agreement and failure of the men to obey the Union's order to resume work the Shipbuilding Employers' Federation has notified a general lock-out of unonists from the 15th August.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, AUGUST 3.

Essex has beaten Derbyshire at Derby, by 271 runs.

Northampton has beaten Leicester at Northampton by four wickets.

The match between Gloucester and Somerset was abandoned, owing to rain.

Lancashire beat Yorkshire at Manchester, by an innings and 111 runs.

The match between Warwickshire and Worcestershire has been abandoned owing to rain, and also the match between Hampshire and Sussex.

THE N. W. Railway returns show some slackening off of the Punjab grain trade during the past week, the amount of wheat reaching Karachi having fallen from nine thousand to seven thousand tons daily.

THE TIBETAN DIFFICULTY.

Sir Francis Younghusband's Views.

(THROUGH REUTER AGENCY.)

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

Sir Francis Younghusband publishes a second article in the *Times*. He points out that the Chinese alone have reaped advantage from the Anglo-Russian self-denying ordinance with reference to Tibet. He asks, "Shall the ridiculously false position in which two grown-up Powers have placed themselves continue?" "That," he says, "is the practical question of the moment."

He continues: "The idea that the Tibetans only wish to be left alone must be abandoned. They have appealed for protection both to Russians and ourselves and any wish to be preserved from the disturbing influences of Western civilisation can be respected without ourselves closing the country to Europeans. We can still ensure entrance only of a better class traveller, trader and agent. British and Russian agents, co-operating at Lhassa, as now at Kashgar, could effectually protect the interests of the countries and prevent trouble like the present ever coming to a head. They could restrain ignorant Tibetans from silly, heedless act, and curb the blustering local Chinese from violent deeds, ensure internal peace and orderly intercourse with the outer world, which is all that either Russia, England or China desire. Such Consular Agents exist in every other part of the Chinese Empire and there is no reason why they should not in Tibet. Without some such arrangement, trouble will constantly recur and Tibet will remain a open sore."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 4.

If a column be despatched to Tibet it is considered the command will be given to Colonel Colomb, Commanding the 10th Gurkhas, who has left Almora for Simla.

It is stated that orders may be expected any moment for the despatch of the 48th Pioneers and 1st Sappers to the Tibetan frontier in view of possibilities ahead. Roads require attending to and supplies collected at Gnatong will need to be guarded.

SIMLA, AUGUST 4.

The Press is now informed that of the recently announced appointments to the staff of the Tibet force those of Colonel Colomb as Commandant and Captain Brancker as Brigade Major only have so far been finally sanctioned. The other appointments are still under discussion.

KING EDWARD MEMORIAL.

Lancashire's Help to Cotton Growing.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

Of the suggestions for the London memorial to King Edward the two most striking are the purchase of the Crystal Palace and the rebuilding of Buckingham Palace. The former promises to be the most popular.

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

The Lancashire County Council has decided to invest not less than £10,000 in the British Cotton Growing Association as a memorial to King Edward in acknowledgment of his deep concern over the insufficiency of the supply of cotton.

SIR J. MUIR-MACKENZIE.

Hands over Office To-morrow.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 4.

The Hon'ble Sir John Muir-Mackenzie will hand over charge of his office as Executive Member of Council of the Governor of Bombay on Saturday afternoon, to Mr. R. A. Lamb, C.S.I., C.I.E., The usual salutes will be fired.

MRS. N. BANNERJEE.

Strange Behaviour.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

A European lady, Mrs. Bannerjee, wife of Mr. N. Bannerjee, Barrister, created a sensation in Park Street Calcutta on Wednesday. It is alleged that Mrs. Bannerjee is weak, she stood in front of the shop owned by Messrs Tarachand Parasuram, Jewellers, and threw several brick bats at a large glass window smashing it to pieces causing damage to the extent of about Rs. 500. She was arrested and taken to Park Street Police station where she was charged with causing wilful damage.

CALCUTTA MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Non-Service Man to be Selected.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 4.

With reference to the bringing of outside medical practitoner to the staff of the Calcutta Medical College, the position is that the Secretary of State has sanctioned one new appointment, namely that of Professor of Anatomy for the Calcutta Medical College and it is proposed to recruit for it from outside the Indian Medical Service.

The report that eight appointments in the Calcutta Medical College were to be so filled was a telegraphic error.

ITALIAN MINER IN TROUBLE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 4.

An Italian miner working in the Mysore mine has been arrested with a quantity of sponge gold in his possession. In his room was also found in a drawer another packet of sponge gold. He has been placed on trial.

ABANDONING A CHILD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, AUGUST 4.

The Sessions Judge has sentenced a woman named Ramdulari to one year's imprisonment for abandoning her child in a train. The infantsubsequently died.

THE PLANTERS' CONFERENCE.

Imperial Preferential Tariff.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, AUGUST 4.

To-day's sitting of the United Planters' Conference was opened with an interesting paper read by Mr. Anstead, the Scientific Officer, on the soya bean and offered to supply any further information members may require. Mr. Murphy, of Mundakaydm, read theCommittee's report on manures and experimental plots, which was accepted to be carried out by District Associations in consultation with the Scientific Officer.

The following resolution was adopted on the compulsory coffee cess:—"That in view of the letter of 16th December from the Secretary to the Government of Madras, RevenueDpartment, the secretaries of District Associations be requested to send at an early date the statistics called for by Government to the Secretary of the United Association who is requested to submit these figures to Government with a reiteration of our reasons for asking for this cess and that the Planting Member of Council be asked to press this subject on the attention of Government with a view to the cess being imposed at an early date."

Several delegates spoke intimating that there was very little serious opposition, if any at all, from outsiders to the proposed cess except the Indian planters of North Mysore whose chief reason for objecting was that they were able to dispose of their crops in the country, if not at their very doors. Therefore, the London prices did not affect them. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

The next subject referred to weights and measures. A paper by Mr. Richards, I.C.S., Collector, was circulated among the delegates, Mr. Barber, of the Nilgiris, proposed the adoption of Mr. Richards' proposal and its general introduction throughout the country. Mr. Martin, of Kanan Devan, put the following amendment: "That this Association, realizing that the Madras Government has done all that is reasonable for the present on the subject of the standardization of measures, now urge upon the Government of India the necessity throughout the country."

The subject of asking Government for the introduction of a Pest Act evoked a lengthy and heated discussion. The Scientific Officer was deeply interested in it, while others thought such an Act would be useless, unless Government enforced it in their own forests. Mr. Anstead pointed out that there were possibilities of such an Act benefiting planters. It was worked well in the West Indies and the Crown Colonies. If they could get the British Government to introduce a Pest Act, the Native States would follow.

The following Resolution was adopted unanimously: "That this Association is strongly in favour of the introducation of a Pest Act into Southern India and that the Planting Member of Council be asked to interview the heads of Government Departments before whom the consideration of the Act would come and point out to them the benefit to all cultivation from the adoption of such a measure."

The following resolution was adopted on Imperial Preferential Tariff after a short debate:—

(1) That this Association do affirm its complete adherence to the following creed with regard to Imperial Preferential Tariff.—

(a) We believe that British grown coffee will be benefited by a preference in duty and that it is sufficient in quantity for the consumption of the Empire.

(b) We believe that a preference in duty in favour of displacing inferior teas and by giving the citizens of the Empire a wholesome and better beverage the moral and physical condition of the poorer classes will be improved.

(c) We believe that a preferential treatment for rubber will in the near future prove of inestimable value to an industry in which millions of British capital has been and is being invested.

(d) We believe that a preferential tariff for Cinchona bark and Quinine is a matter of Imperial importance and should receive the attention of every far seeing British statesman.

(e) We believe that preference with cocoa would remove the possibility of such a pitiful scandal as the one with which reputable British firms were recently connected.

(f) We believe that attention has not been sufficiently called to the danger to Great Britain and the Empire incurred by relying to such an extent on the supply of cotton from the United States of America and that a preferential treatment for British grown cotton by encouraging adequate production is the only way to safeguard the interests of Lancashire for all time.

(g) We believe that British grown wheat is necessary in sufficient quantities to meet the consumption of the Empire and to save any part of it from the possibility of starvation in time of war and that the only means to attain this ideal result is by British grown wheat a preference.

(h) We believe that a complete Imperial preference is essential to the maintenance of the power and prosperity of the British Empire self-supporting.

(i) We believe that the sentiment that will be endangered by a preferential tariff throughout the Empire would prove to be an Imperial asset and a bond of union of even greater value than the benefits that would arise from its commercial aspect.

(2) And this Association do communicate these views to all other Associations, public and private bodies and Members of Parliament and Legislative Councillors throughout the Empire asking for their opinions and active co-operation in furthering the cause of Imperial Tariff Reform.

Proposed by Mr. Barber and seconded by Mr. Brock and carried unanimously.

BANGALORE, AUGUST 4.

The discussion on the International Rubber Exhibition of 1911 was resumed after luncheon when Mr. Gudgeon moved the following resolution.

"That the Secretary be asked to arrange space at the exhibition that Mr Richardson be requested to act as our delegate that a committee be formed to undertake all necessary arrangements in connection with the exhibition and that this meeting be indemnified against loss by delegates of the Associations largely interested in rubber."

The resolution was passed nem con.

The next subject alluded to labour. Mr. Martin of Kanan Devan spoke on recruiting and emigration. The general trend of the arguments was that the labour supply was becoming shorter every year owing to the conducements of higher wages.

SIMLA NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 4.

Major O'Kinealy, Civil Surgeon, Simla proceeds next Monday on leave until Lord Penhurst arrives when he takes his appointment as Surgeon on the Viceregal Staff. Major Duer, I.M.S., from Maymyo arrives here on Saturday to relieve him.

Mr. Sanders Slater arrived here this morning.

THE ARREST IN BENGAL!

Important Conspiracy Case.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

The house searches and arrests that are now being made in both provinces of Bengal are in connection with a conspiracy case. It is understood that sanction has been obtained against more than twenty persons, including pleaders, muktears, zemindars, medical practitioners and students all of whom, it is said, were members of proclaimed samities. Up till now eleven of the accused have been arrested, some of whom were previously arrested on charges of sedition and political dacoity.

The accused will be placed before the Magistrate of Dacca, before being committed to a Special Tribunal.

DACCA, AUGUST 4.

Sasikanta Sarkar of Ashutia, the alleged ringleader of Barrah dacoity and lately convicted under the Arms Act, has been brought here under arrest. One Surendra Nath Sen has also been brought here under arrest by Keranigzej police. It is reported that several arrests have been made within Munshiguni and Naraingung. All these arrests and searches are made under Sections 121 and 121 A., I.P.C. The accused are all in hajut.

It is decided by the local authorities to dissolve the National School of Dacca from the 1st of September for want of funds. A meeting will shortly be convened to announce it.

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

The Eastern Bengal Government has engaged Mr. P. L. Roy of the Calcutta Bar to conduct the prosecution in the Dacca political cases.

KING EDWARD MEMORIALS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, AUGUST 4.

A meeting of the general committee of the Madras Edward Memorial is to be held to-morrow in the Banqueting Hall, with the Hon'ble Sir Arnold White in the chair. A proposition will be moved by the Hon'ble Surgeon-General Benson on behalf of the Executive Committee, that the memorial should take the form of a hospital for consumptives, no notices of amendment has as yet been received by the secretaries.

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 4.

The Lieut-Governor of the United Provinces has arrived here and will preside to-morrow morning at a representative meeting in Mayo Hall to consider the question of the provincial Edward Memorial.

DINNER TO COUNCIL MEMBERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 4.

On the occasion of the meeting of the Legislative Council at Simla Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson gave a dinner at Peterhof this evening.

The guests invited were:—Mr Gokhale, Babu Bhupendranath Basu, Mr. Sachchinand Sinha, Nawab Abdul Majid, Pandit M. M. Malaviya, Sardar Partap Singh, Mr Mazharul-Haque, Khan Bulfikar Ali Khan of Maler Kotla, Malik Umar Kahn Tiwana, Mr. W. C. Madge, Rao Bahadur R. N. Mudholkar, Kuar Sir Ranbir Singh of Patiala, Mr. N. Suba Rao, Madras, Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey, Mr. Meston, Mr. Brunyate, Mr. Saint Nihal Singh, Mr. Rattigan, Sir Harnam Singh, Col. Pinhey, Mr. Sinha, Mr. Hailey and Mr. E. W. Baker.

WHEAT PROSPECTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, AUG. 4.

The wheat markets in Europe have gone back considerably, and the demand for wheat has practically ceased for the moment and freights are accordingly dull. The business done during the week has been meagre in the extreme. Fifteen hundred tons were booked by Messrs. Graham and Co., for Antwerp shipment in August, at 14 shillings and three pence, and the s. s. "Ferndene" has been chartered for picked ports, also August loading at 14 shillings and 4 1-2 pence per ton. The monsoon has greatly improved and prospects so far are very promising.

INSPECTION OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

The Calcutta Corporation to-day discussed a proposal to establish a department for the inspection and verification of weights and measures. At present the Corporation has no power to enter shops to test weights and scales, or to seize the same, if deficient, and it is, therefore, proposed to ask the Government to make it penal to use weights not bearing theCorpora tion stamp. The matter is to be further considered.

AMIR'S CHANGE OF QUARTERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 4.

Reports from the North-West Frontier state that the Amir has taken up his residence at his summer headquarters at Paghman, thereby getting away from Kabul, where cholera is reported to be prevalent.

DEPUTY MAGISTRATE'S APOLOGY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

Sometime ago a pleader of Dinajpur instituted a defamation case against the Deputy Magistrate of that place. Yesterday the Deputy Magistrate filed a written apology and the case was withdrawn.

CHUMBI FOUND DEAD,

Suspected from Foul Play.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, AUGUST 4.

A Chumbi, who went to bring his wife from a village in Ludhiana District was found dead under suspicious circumstances at his father-in-law's house. It is suspected that he was poisoned, as his father-in-law's people are said to have been unwilling to send his wife. The police are enquiring into the affair.

THEFT OF POSTAL PARCEL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 4.

The Allahabad High Court, has confirmed the sentence of three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 60 passed on Rahas Behari Lal, the Railway Mail Service clerk, for the theft of a parcel containing gold lace.

ALLAHABAD EXHIBITION.

Polo Cup Ordered from London.

STRONG CRITICISM OF "CAPITAL."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

The "Capital," referring to the announcement that the Cup for the United Provinces Exhibition Polo Tournament is to be manufactured by the Goldsmiths and Silversmiths Company, London, says, are there not plenty of gold and silversmiths in India? Why is the Cup to be manufactured in London? It is this kind of thing that disgusts decent people with Government managed concerns. I cannot too strongly deprecate and condemn this depraved habit of going to London in matters of this kind for things that can be manufactured and beautifully manufactured, in this country. India is par excellence the home of the silversmith. Indian art and ware are celebrated throughout the world, yet as the prize for a Polo Tournament at an Indian Exhibition the silvercup must be made in England, yet when a charity bazar is on, these self same people can cadge from Indian tradesmen, for all they are worth. The thing is too disgusting for words. I thought better of Sir John Hewett."

Agricultural Conference.

The Agricultural week in connection with the U. P. Exhibition will be held from 11th to 18th January. A Conference will be held and lectures delivered in English and the vernacular. A poultry show will be on 19th and 20th Dec. Some fine prints of Halley's Comet taken by Mr. Michie Smith in S. India will be exhibited in the photo saloon.

DACCA VILLAGES FLOODED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, AUGUST 4.

The floods show no signs of abatement, but are daily increasing. The strand and many lanes in the interior of the town being under water. Many villages are reported to be flooded. Trains have stopped running from Shariabari to Jagannathganj, the line being blocked with water.

Dacca is under a very high flood, the water has reached the level of the memorable flood of 1907. Reports of distress are received from all parts. It is farther reported that Goalundo is being fast washed away.

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

Owing to torrential rain in the area between Sambalpur and Raipur, Raipur having received 14 1-2 inches in the last 24 hours, the Bengal Nagpur Railway has been flooded and breached at 7 o'clock this morning, at the approaches of the Kulhan River between Silguri and Mondhar, mile 503. From Calcutta, passengers and mails for Bombay are being sent via Bilaspur and Katni, and transhipment is at present reported to be impossible. The Chief Engineer and the Superintendent of Transport have proceeded to the place.

TRAVANCORE ASSEMBLY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TRIVANDRUM, AUGUST 4.

There will be general regret expressed at the action of the Government, in having revised the rules of the Popular Assembly in the way it has been done. The total strength of the institution was one hundred, distributed over thirty-two taluks and this number has been reduced to seventy. The European planters can be represented by four members, all the taluks together have forty-two members, while the native mercantile trading interests are to be safeguarded by six members; five municipalities are allowed to send one member each, while the landholders have three delegates, and the remaining ten members will be nominated by the Government. Each member is forbidden from dealing with more than two subjects. The assembly will meet annually. The revision of the rules is not considered satisfactory.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. A. C. Wild, I. C. S., on relief, to do duty as Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Surat, pending further orders.

The services of Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Barrister-at-Law, Administrator General and Official Trustee, Bombay, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

Mr. H. Stanley, Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police for Railways and Criminal Investigation, Bombay Presidency, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months with effect from the 10th September.

Mr. E. P. White to do duty as Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police for Railways and Criminal Investigation, Bombay Presidency, during the absence on leave of Mr. H. Stanley or pending further orders.

Mr G S Hardy, I C S, Assistant Collector, Ratnagiri, is allowed, privilege leave for two months and twenty-nine days with effect from 11th August or subsequent date.

Mr. H. Denning, I C S, to be Assistant Collector Panch Mahals.

Mr. F. H. G. Hutchinson, I. M. S., Deputy Sanitary Commissioner for the Southern Registration District, to be on special duty for a period not exceeding two years to conduct the experimental sewage installation at Poona, with effect from the 1st August or subsequent date.

The following appointments are notified:—With effect from 22nd December 1909, vice Mr J L Rieu, I C S, promoted—Mr J H E Tupper, I C S, to be First Assistant, and to be seconded. Mr A K Cama, I C S, to be First Assistant Mr E H Waterfield, I C S, to be Second Assistant.

With effect from 25th January, vice Mr A K Cama, I C S deceased—Mr W T W Barker, I C S, to be First Assistant. Mr J E B Hotson, I C S, to be Second Assistant, and to be seconded. Mr G A Thomas, I C S, to be Second Assistant, and to be seconded. Mr P W Monie, I C S to be Second Assistant, and to be seconded. Mr J P Brander, I C S, to be Second Assistant.

1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Captain Edmund Becroft is transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 13th August.

The Honourable Sir John William Pitt Mnir Mackenzie, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment with effect from the 6th August.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.—George Seymour Curtis, I.C.S., to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 27th June.

Mr R A Lamb, CSI, CIE, ICS, Chief Secretary to Government, Revenue, Financial and Separate Departments, has been allowed an extension by five days of the extraordinary leave granted to him.

Mr E M Duggan, B Sc, is granted, special leave on urgent private affairs for three months and eighteen days with effect from the 20th July.

Mr. C. D. A. McIver is granted privilege leave for twenty-five days with effect from the 6th August or subsequent date.

The Chamber of Commerce, Karachi, have elected Mr. G. M. Clayton to be a member of the Board of Trustees for the Port of Karachi during the absence on leave of the Honourable Mr. M. De P. Webb, C. I. E.

On return from privilege leave Mr. M. F. Eastwood, Supervisor, First Grade, is transferred from the Dharwar to the Satara District.

Mr. F. B. Writer, Overseer, Third Grade, is transferred from the Satara to the Dharwar District.

The leave granted to Police Inspector William Lionel Armine King of the B. B. and C. I. Railway is extended by a further period of one month.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Restoration of the Gold Reserve.

THE forty-third ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Bombay was held at the Bank yesterday, Mr. Ahmedbhai Habibbhai presiding.

The Chairman, addressing the meeting, said:—It is usual for your president to invite attention to the foreign trade of India as portrayed in the statistics issued by Government. I do not propose, on this occasion, to do more than refer to the influence which the course of that trade has had on the Money Market, and therefore on the Bank's business during the past year. The statistics are chiefly remarkable for the great expansion shown by exports of merchandise, the value of which reached an unprecedented total. As there was a small falling off in the totals of the import list the result was that the trade in merchandise was more one-sided than for sometime past, and as exports largely in excess of imports bring quick returns in cash, the Money Market has been free of any severe strain. Then, although bountiful crops have been reaped, the outside demand for Indian produce has been so great and urgent at high prices that part of the usual demands for banking accommodation to finance produce was curtailed and pressure on the local money market correspondingly reduced. This has been reflected in the comparatively low bank rate—the maximum having been seven per cent. Another result of the favourable markets for Indian produce has been a prosperous year for cultivators over large areas. Still another favourable result has been the restoration of the gold reserves of the country from the state of depletion to which the adverse trade balances two years ago reduced them. All the rupees which Government were then obliged to exchange into gold have been re-issued to the public, and in their place Government again hold gold or investments in gold securities. That is so much to the good if the rupees remain in circulation. But I may, perhaps, be permitted to remark that the experience of the past two years has confirmed the doubts of those who questioned the soundness of the Indian currency policy which depends for success on the maintenance of favourable foreign trade balances. Some years ago I ventured to sound a note of warning that the highly favourable balances which were then the order of the day would not always be experienced and that periods of adverse balances must come. We have had two such periods—a severe and protracted one two years ago, and one of small dimensions last year. Now, while the currency policy may satisfy capitalists who have foreign capital here, because they may be able to see when their capital is in danger and send it back before it is too late, the capitalists and people of this country cannot regard it with the same satisfaction. After all, the latter are the most interested as holders of the rupee circulation, and they will be heavy losers in the event of the gold reserves being absorbed in sastisfaction of adverse trade balances and the failure of the standard. It is quite possible that one day we may find that each of our rupees is no longer a fixed fraction of a sovereign, and that is a contingency which cannot be viewed with equanimity. It is sometimes said that the people of this country will not take gold coins. That is not my view, but if a gold standard is desired it should be associated with a gold currency and every means be taken to encourage the use of gold in the circulation as far as possible. It is to be hoped that the lessons of the past two or three years will not be ignored.

The monsoon last year broke early and the rainfall was unusually abundant and well distributed in nearly every part of the country. Famine and scarcity were at an end and autumn and winter harvests were everywhere good. The cotton crop in India as you know was the largest ever known, the receipts in Bombay having exceeded three million bales. Unfortunately for the mill industry the price of the raw material rose to an abnormally high level and the margin of profit to spinners disappeared. Only those who were not deceived by the favourable monsoon and the bumper crops in India and who purchased cotton early in the year at favourable rates were able to work at a fair profit.

We began the year with a 3 per cent. Bank rate in July which lasted till November after which it rose by successive steps to 7 per cent. The Bank's resources were fairly well employed from November to April, but as I have already remarked there was never any great pressure for money. After April the supply of loanable capital was in excess of trade requirements and the rate was gradually reduced to 4 per cent. at which it stood at the close of the half year.

Coming to our accounts you will be pleased to see there has been a steady increase in the business of the Bank as shown by the figures on both sides of the balance sheet. We had more money to use and more money employed throughout the year than in any former year, and although the Bank rate did not reach a higher level than 7 per cent. the profit was Rs. 14,38,221-1-7. From this the directors have been able to declare a dividend of 13 per cent. per annum and to add thereto a bonus of two per cent. per annum both free from income tax. Rs. 2 lacs have been transferred to reserve fund, Rs. 35,000 to premises account and after granting a bonus to the staff and pension fund we have carried forward Rs. 4,38,221-1-7 to the current half year.

The Chairman then moved that the directors report and statement of accounts up to the 30th June be approved and adopted.

The motion, which was seconded by the Hon'ble Mr. H. E. E Procter, was carried.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. E. E. Procter and Mr. Bomanji D. Patit were re-elected directors.

Messrs. W. Bullock and Jamsetji A. Dalal were elected auditors.

A vote of thanks to the directors and staff was passed and a vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

"THE THIEF" AT VICEREGAL LODGE.

Great Success.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 4.

A big success was scored by the clever company which appeared in the Viceregal Lodge theatricals last night in that striking piece "The Thief," which was staged in the Ball Room in aid of the local charities. Lady Eileen Elliot as "Marise Chelford" excelled even her own performance of last year, and held an audience of some two hundred spellbound throughout the piece. Mrs. George Morgan made an attractive Isabel Leyton, and Surgeon-General Lukis as the kindly father, Captain Tod as the jealous husband, and Major Hitchins as the detective, all filled their parts effectively.

DACOITY NEAR NAIKARWADI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 4.

Mr. Barlee, Additional Sessions Judge, yesterday, convicted five villagers of dacoity near Naikarwadi village in Bhimtadi taluka, in which cash and jewellery valued at Rs. 325 were stolen. One of the accused with seven previous convictions, was sentenced to transportation for life, three prisoners to five years' each, and the fifth, a lad, received fifteen stripes.

A TERRIBLE FIGHT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

In a struggle between a Bengali and a Marwari respecting the former's wife, the Marwari, it is alleged, seized the Bengali by the lower part of the body, and tore the flesh with his hands inflicting horrible injuries from which the man is not expected to recover. The Marwari is awaiting trial.

THE approximate return of traffic for the week ending 23rd July was 16,50,000, compared with 15,24,284, the total for the corresponding week of last year. The increase is ascribed to excess of booking in the wheat traffic.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

An ordinary monthly meeting of the Bombay Corporation was held in the Municipal Hall, yesterday afternoon, Dr. K. E. Dadachanji, the President, occupying the chair.

The Corporation recorded the following acknowledgment from Queen Alexandra:—"I wish to express my heartfelt thanks to all the kind donors of the beautiful wreaths and flowers which were sent as token of affection in memory of our beloved King." The Board also recorded a memorandum from Government, General Department, intimating that the salary of Mr. F. R. Cadell, I. C. S., as officiating Municipal Commissioner, Bombay, had been fixed at Rs. 2,500 per mensem.

MALPRACTICE AT ELECTIONS.

Consideration was given to a letter from Mr. Jehangir Rattanji Dubash stating that it was high time that the mode of Municipal Elections by the ratepayers was looked into and placed on a sound and proper basis as the present mode of election encouraged malpractice. Mr. Dubash offered the following suggestions :—

"That a second tent be pitched on the occasion of elections adjoining the Polling Tent in which Candidates will be allowed to work in their own interests. That a Municipal Officer be posted at the door of the Polling Tent and on no account any Candidate or his Agent or Tout be allowed in the Polling Tent. The Voter should be left to himself to give his vote to whomsoever he thinks best. If a Voter is unable to fill in his Paper a Municipal Officer should do so for him under conditions which would ensure the Voter's desires being carried out. The Voter should give his name and address at the door of the Polling booth and any Candidate might challenge the same. Powers of Attorney should be lodged by the Candidate only and not by his Agents. The officer at the door of the booth should receive them from the Candidate in person and hand them over to the officer inside the Tent."

On the motion of Mr. C. V. Mehta the letter was referred to the Committee appointed for the revision of sections of the Municipal Act.

PROPOSED REVISION OF ELECTRICAL TARIFF.

Urgency having been granted for the consideration of the Commissioner's letter forwarding a letter from the Managing Director of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company proposing a revision of the Company's tariff for lighting and power supply. The Commissioner suggested that the matter be referred to the Tramways Committee for consideration and report.

The Managing Director's letter has already been published in the "Bombay Gazette" yesterday.

On the motion of Dr. Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, the matter was referred to the Committee as suggested by the Commissioner.

SYSTEM OF RENTING MARKET STALLS.

Consideration was given to an application from the lessee of a stall holder in the Arthur Crawford Market to transfer the stall to the name of his grandson or allow it to remain in his name. His Solicitors wrote a letter to the President of the Corporation that their client had been the lessee of the stall ever since the markets were built ; that on the death of his two sons, who helped him in his business, he employed one Vithoba Amrots Molde to manage his business during the minority of his grandson who is now come of age, that in view of certain circumstances their client called upon the said Vithoba to render an account, which he failed to do and even refused to quit the stall ; that thereupon their client applied to the Commissioner to transfer the stall to the name of his grandson, but that the Commissioner's reply was to the effect that he has determined to put up the stall to public auction as their client did not work the stall himself ; submitting that their client is an old man of over 80 years of age, that he has faithfully fulfilled all the requirements of the Municipality and that if he is deprived of the stall at this age he will be put to considerable hardship. Praying that the stall may be transferred to the name of their client's grandson or may be allowed to remain in his own name.

In the meantime the Commissioner put the stall to auction and it was purchased by the applicant. Hence the Standing Committee passed the following resolution :—

"That the letter, dated the 29th June 1910, from Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Solicitors, on behalf of their client, Mr. Kashiba Ramji Jadaw, regarding Stall No. 96, Arthur Crawford Markets, be forwarded to the Corporation with an intimation that the right to occupy the stall was put to auction on the 1st July 1910 and purchased by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya's client."

The Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Chairman of the Standing Committee, moved in terms of the Committee's resolution.

Mr. S. S. Mistry suggested that the Municipality should not allow any monopoly but rent the stalls to the highest bidder.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla pointed out that in the beginning several stall holders were induced to take up the stalls and they were entitled to certain concession. Those who helped the Municipality in making the market a success had been treated with certain amount of leniency.

Mr. Wadia deprecated any kind of monopoly which favoured private individuals at the cost of public money. In the Excise Department also such state of affairs existed, but he thought they should not allow monopoly to grow. He regarded it as an abuse of public finance.

Mr. Joseph Baptista pointed out that Municipal Markets were not built to make any revenue, but they were meant more as a sanitary measure. Municipality had a control over those shop keepers in the market who could not sell certain kind of food stuff there which could be disposed of elsewhere.

Mr. J. A. Wadia endorsed the views of Mr. Baptista and the Hon'ble Mr. Ebrahim.

Mr. C. V. Mehta remarked that a long time having passed since the opening of the market very few persons must now be living who first helped the Municipality and he did not think much would be lost by allowing certain concession to them only.

Dr. Sukhia reminded the members that the stalls in the markets were divided into two classes: Those for the sale of perishable articles and those for non-pensable goods. Holders of the former class of stalls did deserve some concession but the other class was not entitled to any concession.

The Commissioner observed that Mr. Baptista had already said what he had intended to say. But he wished to point out how deceptive those auctions were. The stall was purchased by the party who wanted it.

The resolution was then carried.

APPOINTMENT OF WATER ENGINEER.

The Corporation then proceeded to consider the appointment of Water Engineer.

On this subject the Commissioner addressed the following letter to the Corporation :—"I have the honour to refer to Corporation Resolution dated the 19th March 1908, and to the unexpected delay which has occurred in connection with the proposed amendment of the Municipal Act so as to give effect to the wishes of the Corporation as expressed in that Resolution owing to that delay the consideration of the report (dated 29th November 1909) of the Committee appointed by the Corporation to consider applications for the post of Water Engineer has been standing over for a much longer time than was I believe contemplated by the Corporation and the important changes in the Water Department which the Corporation have decided on are at a standstill. In this connection I would state that the arrangement which were made to carry on the work of that Department pending the introduction of those changes were of a temporary nature and that in view of the important works that must be taken up shortly, chief of which is the reduplication of the Tansa Main and the consequent increase of the water supply of the City, it would be in the highest degree desirable to obtain as early as possible the services of the Engineer who will ultimately be in charge of the Department. Under these circumstances I venture to point out for the consideration of the Corporation that the object which the Corporation have in view can be attained without further delay by their passing a Resolution formally sanctioning the creation of the new office of Water Engineer at a salary rising from Rs. 1,200 to Rs. 1,800 per mensem. If such Resolution be passed it will be competent to the Commissioner under Section 82 to make an appointment to the office and in doing so I should of course be guided by the views and instructions conveyed to me by the Corporation on a consideration of their Committee's report. In adopting the Budget estimates for the current year the Corporation has already, in effect, approved of the creation of the office of Water Engineer at a salary rising from Rs. 1,200 to Rs. 1,800 (see Corporation Resolution No. 6197 of 20th January 1910 and the detailed statement and schedule attached thereto), but as this was on the assumption that by the time the actual appointment would be made the Act would have been amended so as to vest in the Corporation the power of appointing to the office, it is right that, it further indefinite delay is to be avoided, the creation of that office should now be formally sanctioned, in view to my making the appointment. I have therefore the honour to request that the Corporation will now be good enough to decide upon this matter which I cannot but regard as a somewhat urgent one."

The Committee submitted its fourth report on the subject. In its report it stated :

After very carefully considering all the applications in consultation with the Commissioner the Committee have selected Mr. H. J. Trivess Smith, District Engineer to the Corporation of Calcutta, as being the most eligible for the appointment. Mr. Smith is 36 years of age. He is a Corporate Member of the Institute of Civil Engineers, and a Member of the Institute of Mechanical Engineers and has been engaged for 14 years in responsible positions in the design and construction of large and important Water Works undertakings. The following extracts from a 'precis' of Mr. Smith's career will indicate fully his qualifications and experience :—

"He served as pupil under H. R. Smith, Esquire, late Engineer to Portsmouth Water Works, 1888-1890, and was subsequently engaged by Messrs. John Aird and Sons, Contractors, on various works as Engineering Assistant and Draughtsman from 1890-1894. Afterwards he was appointed to the West Middlesex Water Works, London, as Engineering Assistant and Draughtsman and remained with them for seven years till 1901. Whilst in this Company he was engaged in the design and preparation of drawings for 400,000,000 gallon Reservoirs, and other works at Barn Elms, 10 miles of 12 Trunk mains and other large mains through thickly populated districts, bridges, 6 acres of Filterbeds, two tunnels under the River Thames, several Engine and Boiler Houses, etc., and the subsequent carrying out of the works.

"He then transferred his service to the Devonport Water Works as Assistant Engineer from 1901-1903, and was selected from 90 applicants to supervise the construction of a large masonry dam on Dartmoor to form a storage reservoir the estimated cost of which was about £250,000. The carrying out of this work has been deferred owing to the purchase of the works by the Local Corporation. In this appointment he had experience in design and cost of gravitation supplies—Distribution of Water—Water Works Maintenance—Parliamentary Work—and Arbitration Proceedings.

"In 1903 he was selected from a large number of applicants as an expert in Water Works Engineering and appointed joint Head of the Water Works Department of the Corporation of Calcutta for three years on a salary of Rs. 750 per month. Upon the expiration of this period, the appointment was extended another three years, and his salary increased by Rs. 100 per month.

"The completion of the constant water supply scheme necessitated reorganization of the Department and the appointment he held was abolished. He was appointed Officiating District Engineer about a year ago on a salary of Rs 750 with residence (equivalent) to Rs. 950 per month, and was made permanent in this office three months ago.

"During his incumbency he has had charge of works supplying 36,000,000 gallons of water per day to about a million inhabitants and of Sewage Pumping Stations of 130 million gallons daily capacity including the maintenance of over 400 miles of water mains up to 48" diameter. He has designed and laid about 40 miles of large water mains in Roads and over Railways, Canals, etc., and carried out other works at a cost of over £100,000. He has converted the Intermittent system of water supply to a Constant Supply over an area containing a population of over 600,000; and has taught and trained nearly 50 natives of India as Water Works Inspectors. As District Engineer he has entire charge of a portion of the City including over 7,000 acres, 87 miles of roads and a population of 200,000. He has a staff of 2,400 men under him, and is carrying out work to the extent of £46,000 per annum.

"His duties are practically those of a City Engineer, and comprise the maintenance and construction of all drainage works, water works, roads and buildings. He is also responsible for the cleansing watering and repair of roads, collection and disposal of house refuse, lighting of streets, and the sanction of building plans, etc."

The Committee have had an interview with Mr. Trivess Smith and they have ascertained from him that he is willing to take up the appointment on the minimum salary of Rs. 1,200 per mensem provided it is raised by equal annual increments to the maximum of Rs. 1,800 per mensem during the last, that is the fifth, year of the term of office of the appointment. As the Corporation are aware, Government have expressed their willingness to undertake at an early date legislation for the amendment of the Municipal Act so as to admit of the appointment of Water Engineer being regulated by the same provisions of law as those applicable to the appointment of the Executive Health Officer and the Executive Engineer, the salary of the appointment being fixed at a minimum of Rs. 1,200 and a maximum of Rs. 1,800 per mensem. The Committee, therefore, beg to recommend that in anticipation of and subject to the proposed legislation Mr. Trivess Smith be appointed Water Engineer for a term of five years from such date as he can take charge of the office, on a salary of Rs. 1,200 rising to Rs. 1,800 per mensem by annual increments of Rs. 150. The Committee may add that the Commissioner is entirely in accord with their recommendation.—(Sd.) Jaffer Rahimtools, P. M. Mehta, Jehangir J. Curseiji, R. M. Proes, K. E. Dadachanji and M. Collie. Alex. M. Tod, N.J. Gamudia, Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia, Ramchandra Bhasker Mantri, Dhackjee Cassinathjee, A. Leslie, Cowasji Jehangir, James McDonald, D. E. Wacha, Dinshaw Petit, and H. S. Dikshit.

I agree to the recommendations of the Committee in general, but with this exception that the annual increments should not be fixed beforehand but should be at the discretion of the Corporation as in the case of the Executive Engineer. I do not think that the Corporation should thus surrender its right of withholding the increments which, as is well known is only used under exceptional circumstances. It is argued that if the matter were fixed from the beginning, the incumbent of the post would not care to go out of his way to do this or that thing merely because it would please different members of the Corporation, as he would, if he had to depend on their good will for his increase. I do not think there is much in this argument ; but if there is anything in it, it must be remembered at the same time that the prospect of a person having an increase at the end of each year would act as an impetus which in the other case would be conspicuous by its absence. Any way, I do not think the Corporation should make the appointment on this condition. Should Mr. Smith be unwilling to accept the post on our usual terms the Corporation should appoint any one of the other candidates.—(Sd). Jehangir Bomanjee Petit.

It is difficult to make the best choice. Personally I am inclined to prefer Mr. Cestor or Mr. Dixon to Trivess Smith. His work and experience at Calcutta, however, tell in his favour. But I see no reason whatever to enter into an agreement with Mr. Smith to give him an annual increment of Rs. 150 a month. This is altogether extravagant. It may be remembered that it was I who proposed to raise the maximum from Rs. 1,500 to Rs. 1,800 with the object of attracting Hydraulic Engineers of capacity, I must confess that in this matter I am utterly disappointed. It has not attracted the men of the requisite capacity. So far as the present applicants are concerned, I am of opinion that maximum of Rs. 1,200 is ample indeed.

Mr Smith from 1903 to date gets really only a salary of Rs. 750. Since 1906 he is given free quarters, which is estimated at Rs 200 a month. Under the circumstances I think Rs. 1,200 for five years at least would be more than generous salary. I will strongly oppose the proposed salary. I think it would be well for the Corporation to remember that they are on the high way to bankruptcy. If the expenditure increases at the present accelerated rate our expenditure will exceed our income in 3 years even if the taxes are fixed at the highest rate possible or permissible.—(Sd.) Joseph Baptista.

I was not able to attend all the meetings of the Committee and was not able to see Mr. Trivess Smith. I therefore do not sign the report.—(Sd.) Balchandra Krishna and Ibrahim Rahimtoola.

Mr A M. Todd moved for the approval and adoption of the report, and the appointment of Mr Smith as proposed therein.

Mr. S. S. Mistry moved as an amendment that in the second para. of the report it be added that the increments should depend upon the efficiency of his work.

Mr. Petit: It should depend on Corporation's pleasure.

Mr. Mistry: My amendment means the same thing.

Dr. Collie observed that there was one thing which deterred first class officers from joining Municipal service which was that whenever an increase was proposed in the salary of a European officer it was rejected, but when an increase was proposed in the salary of a European and a [Native together it was passed.

Dr. Sukhia resented such a remark. He asked Dr. Collie to quote one single instance to justify his remark.

Dr. Collie cited the instance of Mr. Joseph Hall. The proposal for an increase in his salary was in the first instance rejected he said, but when it came up again with the proposal for an increase in the salary of a native officer it was passed.

Mr. Phiroze Sethna was for the proposition. He pointed out that Mr. Smith was offered a place of Rs. 1,000 and to induce him to join them the increments were fixed. He hoped that Mr. Mistry would withdraw the amendment.

Dr. Dinshah Master and Dr. Jehangir J. Curseiji were in favour of the amendment.

Mr. Sorab Dhondy averred that they could not get good officers if they did not pay adequately.

As many other members intimated that they intended to speak on the subject the Corporation adjourned to Monday next.

LIGHTING OF RAILWAY COACHES.

One of the Dangers of Travelling.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to us:—Much attention is being paid at the present moment to the subject of the lighting of railway-coaches. Interest in this subject is not confined to the officials of the various Railway Companies, but it shared also by the travelling public, and the Board of Trade. Several accidents have occurred during recent years in which gas has contributed to the loss of life and property. It only requires a really serious accident accompanied by a blaze from end to end of the wreckage, to bring about a change in the present methods of lighting, and complete substitution of electric lighting for all other forms of illuminant. But why should we wait until such an accident occurs? Why cannot the watchful Officials on the Board of Trade take the bull by the horns, and insist on a change being made before serious accidents render it obvious to the dullest intelligence that sitting over a cylinder of highly compressed gas is not the acme of safety? We are again letting other countries get ahead of us, as the folloing translations from two Austrian papers show. The list of accidents attended by fire, chronicled in the first of these extracts is by no means complete. Only last month it was reported from Paris that the Express train, which met with the bad accident at Villepreaux, was gas lighted and that the gas tanks were the cause of the burning of the car.

From the "Neue Errie Presse," Vienna, 19th June :—

Resolution moved by Director Maxime Krassny in the Council of the Austrian State Railways :—

"The ministry for Railways is requested to discontinus the use of incandescent gas for the lighting of passenger trains, and to use exclusively electric train lighting for all future passenger cars as well as for those at present on order....."

At a previous meeting of the council for the Austrian State Railways the Ministry were requested to introduce a modern method of lighting, and the representatives of the Administration informed the meeting of their intention to introduce incandescent gas light. Recently, however, a great number of Railway accidents have taken place (Marburg and Herlishein in November, Trenton Missuri in December, the shocking accident in Uhersko on Christmas Day 1909, the accident on the Canadian Pacific Railway in January, and others) and they had all the common feature that, as a sequel to the accident a fire broke out caused by the gas, sacrificing the lives of passengers who had not suffered by the accident itself. Consideration of this unnecessary sacrifices of human life has led to the request that in future electric train lighting should be used exclusively.

From the "Neue Wiener Tagblatt," 26th June:—

Discussion on train lighting in the Council of the Austrian State Railways:—

The motion of the member, Mr. Krassny, referring to the exclusive use of electric illumination in passenger Cars, was considered in detail. Mr. Krassny dealt with the dangers and drawbacks of gas lighting, and with the advantages of electric illumination on the score of safety and economy.

Dr. Bilenbegen was fully in agreement with these statements. He understood that in Italy they are doing away completely with gas. They even preferred oil. Altogether in Italy there were still approximately 1,400 cars lighted with gas, but a portion of thete were being converted to electric lighting, and the others were being withdrawa in the near future. He sincerely hoped that in Austria also electric illumination would be introduced.

Dr. Krisik spoke of the great improvements in electric lighting of late years.

Dr. Rosche mentioned the excellent results with electric illumination on the Aussig-Teplitz Railway. In view of this experience he would advise that the system of gas lighting should be entirely abandoned.

The representative of the Government, Oberbaurat Willinger, emphasized that the Administration of the Government Railways was endeavouring to improve car lighting, taking into due consideration the means at their disposal. For this purpose every year passenger cars which hitherto had been lighted with oil were being reconstructed for gas or electric light. In regard to the latter the Administration of the North Railway had finished a series of tests, which had shown that taking into consideration recent improvements, the system of lighting by electricity now presented economic advantages. Owing to the introduction of the metallic filament lamp the consumption of electrical energy was reduced to nearly one-third of the previous amount. They had decided as a result of these tests that, not only should old cars be converted, but that for the 119 new cars to be supplied in 1911 electric lighting should also be used. The exclusive use of this method of illumination in all new cars could not from financial considerations be decided on at the present time as they must wait for the financial results of a larger number of cars fitted with electricity. The Administration of the State Railways was, however, paying the greatest attention to the question of electric train lighting, and if the results were in any way favourable they would greatly extend its use.

In his resume, Mr. Krassny gave a comparision of the costs of the electric and gas lighting, and mentioned that all Swiss Railways and the Great French Railways have decided to adopt in future electric lighting exclusively. Therefore, he also recommends to the Adminstration of the Austrian State Railways the introduction of this method of lighting, especially from the consideration that economic arguments cannot hold weight where the safety of the passengers is concerned.

The Council adopted the motion in the following terms :—The Imperial and Royal Ministry for Railways are requested to discontinue the use of gas light in passenger trains, and to use electric lighting in future for all passenger cars including those at present on order.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, AUGUST 4.

Second Lieutenant F. W. Wilson Fitzgerald, 1st Royal Dragoons, Muttra, has been promoted to Lieutenant, and Lieutenants J. E. Biskiston Houston, 8th Royal Hussars, Lucknow, and C. L. Estridge, 2nd Battalion, East Yorkshire Regt., Fyzabad, have been promoted to Captains.

Colonel Grant, Punjabis, is granted ninety days' leave from 2nd August.

MADRAS, AUGUST 4.

General Sir E. Barrow, Commanding the Southern Army, who has been on tour to Hyderabad and South India returned to his head-quarters at Ootacamund to-day.

MIDNAPORE SUITS FOR DAMAGES.

Postponment Granted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

On the application of Counsel for defendants Mr. Justice Fletcher to-day granted the postponement of the damage suits against Mr. Meston, Collector, and various police officers of Midnapore from 12th to 16th instant. Counsel mentioned that Mr. Meston was on his way out and would arrive on 12th in India. Counsel further applied for an order on defendants to supply plaintiffs with details as to "various sufferings indignities and insults" to which it is alleged the plaint defendants were subjected in jail. After some discussion, defence Counsel agreed to supply these details in seven days.

SCALDED BY STEAM.

Three Mill Coolies Killed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

The boiler room of the Beliaghatta Bone Mill was the scene of a ghastly tragedy on Tuesday night when four coolies were scalded almost beyond recognition by escaping steam caused by the blowing out of a digester plate. A coolie was engaged in unscrewing a bolt when the excess of steam pressure within blew the digester plate into the air, causing instantly a terrible escape of steam. The four unfortunate coolies who were working in the plate were hurled into the air and were scalded by the escaping steam to such an extent that the features were afterwards scarcely recognisable. Three of the coolies succumbed to their injuries. An enquiry is proceeding.

MR. OLIVER BAINBRIDGE IN HYDERABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, AUGUST 4.

Mr. Oliver Bainbridge, author of the "Hidden Jewish Tribes" the "Devil's Note Book," and the "Pacific Kindred," is staying in Hyderabad, and has been engaged by the proprietors of 'Pearsons' and Munseys' journals to write a series of articles on popular and political subjects for their publications. He also intends publishing a book entitled "Princes of the Indian Empire," depicting the exact conditions of India at the beginning of the twentieth century.

He is a great traveller, and discovered the Black Jews in the Gulf of Papua. He was the first scientist to visit the Chinese Jews of Raifengfu, the ancient capital of China. During the last ten years he has travelled 200,000 miles.

CALCUTTA GHEE MERCHANTS.

Grievance against Municipal Magistrate.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT,)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

Heavy fines inflicted by the Municipal Magistrate for the adulteration of food, particularly ghee and oil goaded the ghee merchants to form an association. Three hundred merchants and dealers in meeting at Barabazaar have resolved to register the Association and petition the Corporation Chairman against the oppression by the prosecution and suggested legal steps should be taken against manufacturers.

COURT MARTIAL AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 4.

The District Court Martial will assemble at the Garrison Theatre, Port William, on 6th at 7-30 a.m. to try rifleman John Watkinson; 2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

SLIGHT RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, AUGUST 4.

Last night's mail train, which left here for Prome, met with a slight accident when entering Sitkwin station. It appears the points were reversed while train was passing over them, and some vehicles derailed and some stock damaged. There were no injuries to passengers. The undamaged vehicles went on to Prome, after a delay of an hour and half.

FORGED TEN-RUPEE NOTES.

A Rajput Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, AUGUST 4.

A Rajput named Bhawani Singh tendered a miniature ten-rupee note, a reproduction about four inches by two, but perfect in detail, at the Bank of Madras. The officials sent for Sub-Inspector Smith who arrested the man and obtained a formal remand from the District Magistrate, the man remaining in custody. From inquiries made it was ascertained that the accused had previously been addressing a dozen or so men on the maidan on politics and had produced the note before his audience informing them that he intended cashing it in order to obtain military support. The police are engaged in making further enquiries regarding the arrested man.

WARWICK MAJOR COMEDY COMPANY.

"Jane."

"JANE," a farcical comedy which had not previously been played in Bombay, was produced by the Warwick Major Comedy Company at the Empire Theatre last evening, and played before a full house was a splendid success. One can hardly remember spending a more laughable evening. Jane is full of genuinely humorous incidents following one another at that breathless rate which is more than half the secret of farce, and that hardly gives one a pause before there is something fresh and unexpected to laugh over again.

The centre of all this fun is Charlie Shackleton, a young man of expensive habits, who only gets out of one lot of debts to plunge in again more hopelessly. A bachelor, who has however a charming fiancee, he has already obtained money and hopes to get more from his trustee, on the pretence that he has been settled down and married for years. Suddenly to another desperate appeal for funds his trustee replies that he is coming straight away to meet the wife and lecture her for the extravagance which has caused all her husband's troubles. Poor Shackleton in his wife's endeavour to be a man servant. William, who has secretly married the pretty housemaid that very morning. A wife who will hold the situation for just twenty-four hours is wanted and William finds her, while almost at the same moment Shackleton is persuading William's newly-wedded partner to play the necessary part. Result, the trustee met with two wives, distraction for three acts, William in extreme mental anguish, a despairing fiancee and Shackleton and Jane squirming out of one muddle, only to fall straight into another. The mass of complications seals on till William's anguish reaches breaking point and he gives the game away. The trustee rushes off to his solicitor, there are visions of police and prosecution, till the pretty housemaid's smile cools his temper, and the last scene closes with a happy picture of forgiveness and affluence.

Everyone in the cast did admirably. Mr. Warwick Major gave an excellent idea of poor Shackleton's hopeless confusion, while Miss Georgie Corlass as Jane was always bright and smiling and as cool and apt as vivacious. She it was who always pulled Shackleton out of the mess before William, splendidly done by Mr. George F. Story, plunged him in again. Mr. Robert Stephenson was very funny as the trustee, Miss Minnie Rayner beautifully comic as the ardent but redundant wife, and Miss Maude Drewry as the fiancee, did the little she had to do charmingly. Having made Jane's acquaintance Bombay people will want to see more of her.

This evening the Company will play Mr. Charles Hawtrey's recent success "Dear Old Charlie."

THE Secretary of State has sanctioned the retention of the Additional Judge in the Punjab Chief Court for another year. The substantive holder of this post is at present the Honorable Mr. M. Shah Din.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

LE CHATEAU DE LA BELLE-AU-BOIS DORMANT, by Pierre Loti—(Calman-Levy, Paris).—This new book which translated means "The Castle of the Sleeping Beauty" is a collection of short stories. one a most pathetic and sympathetic cat story, English readers will also be pleased with a chapter on London, which city Pierre Loti visited for the first time in July 1909. He was delighted with London, "with its flowers on every balcony and at every window," with its shady parks, with the "placid and decorative soldiers," and the discreet elegance of the woman. This is remarkable as Pierre Loti disliked the British he met in both India and Egypt.

THE RELENTLESS GODS.—by Ethel Duff Fyfe—(Long).—As a rule the novel of Anglo-Indian life leaves the impression that the only Europeans in India are soldiers and Civil servants and their wives and daughters. Little has been written of the Europeans who are engaged in business and go daily from their homes to their offices, much as they would if they lived in an English town ; and Miss Duff-Fyfe's story, which has to do almost exclusively with these people, has something of novelty in it. The description of life in a second-rate boarding house kept by a kindly, if vulgar Eurasian woman, in a none too reputable part of Calcutta gives us a picture of India which other novelists have neglected, and is so well done as to raise a rather simple story out of the rank of Indian novels. There are, it should be added, some excellently drawn characters in the book—notably, Thea, the Eurasian girl, and the courteous old Persian gentleman who controls the destiny of a pair of lovers.

THE HOUSE OF THE WHISPERING PINES, by Anna Katharine Green—(Eveleigh Nash).—A really good detective story. A murder is committed, but it baffled one of smartest detectives in New York to unravel the mystery for a very long time. His methods appeared to be excellent, his deductions conclusive, but in the end he had to confess that he was beaten. Even the sister of the victim, who had been in her company immediately before the crime was committed, was unable to explain the presence of the finger-prints, though her story of what had taken place in the room was strange and thrilling. Circumstantial evidence was exceedingly strong in the case of more than one suspect. Fortunately, it was not strong enough to warrant a conviction, and the real criminal was found in an unexpected quarter. Stories of this class are common enough, but there are not many which hold the attention as this one does. The author is successful in concealing the actual culprit until the proper time comes, and the reader's curiosity is kept on the strain until the end is reached.

AN UNWEDDED BRIDE, by W. R. Cullen—(John Long).—An interesting historical novel. The scene being laid in Aberdeen at the time of Queen Mary's landing in her native land, Scotland, when the struggle was fierce between the Protestant and Romanist faiths. It closes with the battle of Corrichie and the deaths of Huntly and of his son, Sir John Gordon of Findlater, who at one time is believed to have aspired to the hand of the Queen, and here appears as the rival in love and the enemy in the civil and religious struggle of the hero, Roland Prescott, son of an Aberdeen Craftsman and Reformer, who rises to the position of the Queen's guard, and in the end the successful suitor of Mary Menzies, daughter of the Provost of the good burgh whom Gordon has wedded under false pretences. With the aid of historic and imagiaary material, an interesting romance has been woven.

FOR THE SOUL OF A WITCH—(A Romance of Badenoch by I. W. Brodie-Innes).—A wierd and uncanny story of a dual personality. The idea of Cecily Ross or Elspeth Simpson, being by turns a saintly lady immersed in good works and pious visions, and a foul witch or a prowling weir-wolf loafing about to kill and mangle, and in each of her "states" unconscious of what she is or has done in the other, is an extraordinary one, and yet by no means unknown to old superstition or modern psychical inquiry. The course of the fate of this sixteenth century prototype of "Jekyll and Hyde" will be followed with strong alternating feelings of sympathy and repulsion. The story is called a Romance of Badenoch, but it never comes nearer to that district than Lochandorp Castle.

"HELEN OF ALL TIME," a new novel by Mr. W. Holt-White, author of "The Prime Minister's Secret," "The Man who Stole the Earth," etc., is appearing in Unwin's Colonial Library. Readers of Mr. Holt-White's books can always look for something very much out of the common, and in this new novel their best hopes will be realised. The theme is indeed extraordinary. Mr. Holt-White supposes that Helen of Troy never really dies, and has been reincarnated over and over again. Helen was Cleopatra ; Helen was Ophelia ; Helen was Dante's Beatrice. In her latest reincarnation Helen is the daughter of a stark old Scotch merchant, John Macgregor, of the Island of Dounby, in the Shetlands. Helen grows up so amazingly beautiful that old Macgregor endeavours to hide her loveliness. The secret of her beauty, however, is discovered, and results in a terrible persecution. The whole world wishes to look on the face of Helen, and she is forced to hide first in one place, then in another, while the people of five continents search for her. The tale is undoubtedly the strongest and strangest piece of work that Mr. Holt-White has done.

HISTORICAL novels for the school-room are manufactured nowadays with startling rapidity; but it is doubtful if any of the new school have combined history and romance with such a degree of popular success as the evergreen William harrison Ainsworth. He possessed, in the highest degree, the happy knack of conveying knowledge through the medium of narrative, and "The Tower of London" is a classic of its kind which has seldom been rivalled and never surpassed. Mr. John Lane has in active preparation for the autumn an important volume dealing with Ainsworth, which, if there is any gratitude in the present age for the healthy inspiration of its youth, should find a large and appreciative public. "William Harrison Ainsworth and His Friends" is the work of Mr. S. M Ellis, and the conspectus which it offers of the literary world of its period will fill two goodly volumes. There will be abundant illustrations, and a great deal of correspondence never hitherto published, including original letters from Dickens, Thackeray, and Cruikshank, to the last-named of whom Ainsworth's books owed so much.

IT is probable that few people outside the ranks of professional geographers could assign, at a moment's notice, a local habitation and a name to the race of the Shans. Despite the almost universal spread of the travelling habit, not many amateurs of the road have penetrated to the land of the Shans which, as a matter of fact, lies upon the confines of Burma. Mr. Murray, however, has found an author who has studied this race at first hand, and with some considerable familiarity, and the result of her investigations will be published in the coming autumn in the shape of a handsome volume entitled "The Shans At Home," by Mrs. Leslie Milne. The author of this interesting and pioneer study is an artist as well as a writer, and has made many sketches to illustrate her book, besides using her camera to special advantage under circumstances which required a rapidity inaccessible to brush or pencil.

YET another book is announced about Mr. Roosevelt, and this time it hails from America. "The Real Roosevelt," which is to be published by Messrs. G. P. Putnam's Sons, will be a comparative selection from the most emphatic and characteristic of the ex-President's speeches. The editorial work has been undertaken by Mr. "Alan Warner," a pseudonym which is said to conceal the identity of a well-known and popular author, while the Rev. Lyman Abbot contributes a critical introduction. Mr. Abbot is Mr. Roosevelt's editor-in-chief on the New York "Outlook," and has made a special study of his great contributor's views upon political and social problems.

THE late Mr. Churton Collins left a number of manuscript lectures behind him, which are shortly to see the light through the medium of Sir Isaac Pitman and Sons. It was a characteristic of Churton Collins's that his meticulous verbal knowledge of poetry led him to trace perpetual parallels between the literature of one country and another, and this posthumous book is devoted to that branch of literary criticism which he had made so exclusively his own. It is called "Greek Influence on English Poetry," and will be accompanied by a commendatory preface from the pen of his colleague, Professor Michael Macmillan.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACE MEETING.

ADDITIONAL RACE.

Entry closed at 6 p.m. on Wednesday 3rd August.

A NOVICE PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Mr R S Forage's ch a h Waterloo 13-2
Mr Ahmed Hazemy's b a h Ocident 13 3
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's b a h Little Devil 13 2 3-4
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's ch a h Batoun 13 3
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's g a h Independant 14 0
Mr Abdool Gany's b a h Prince of Wales 13 3
Mr Khalaf bin Saif's ch a h Mohajir 13 3
Mr Abdool Gany's g a h Akhil 13 3 1-2
Mr A Mahomed's ch a h Injalmukh 13 2 3-4
Mr Dehesh bin Mahomed's g a h Young Achillis 13 3 1-4
Mr Noormahomed Begmahomed's ch a h Hamim 13 3
Mr Newton's g a h Azzad 13 3 1-4
Mr Newton's b a h Lahuk 13 2 1-2
Mr Newton's g a h Revolver 13 3
The Chief of Manavadar's g a h Takte Suleman 13 2 3-4
Mr A W Esaa's b a h Solitaire 13 3 1-4
Mr A Rehman's ch a h Arnica 13 3
Mr Saeed bin Mahomed's b a h Young Hakim 13 2 1-2
Mr Jarrim Awad's b a h Zappoline 13 3
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Ivan 13 3 3-4
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Steel 13 3 1-2
Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Ameen 13 2 3-4
Mr Garulla bin Talib's g a h Officer 14 0
Mr Abdoola Mistry's ch a h Priceless 13 3 1-4
Messrs Abdoola Faras and J R Raja's ch a h Gold Medal 13 3 3-4
Messrs S Hamilton and S D Gracious' g a h Obyan 13 3 1-2
Mr J R Raja's b a h Khemraj 13 2 3-4
Mr Oosman Jamal's b a h Good shot 13 3 3-4
Mr M Gooculdas's b a h Daulat 14 0
Mr M Gooculdas's g a h Dignum 13 3
Messrs A R Dakil and Eastwood's b a h Uddai 13 2 3-4
Messrs D S Mehta and A Yanasee's b a h Jins 13 2 1-2
Captain Anderson's g a h Fundi 13 2

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 4.

Poona 2nd Extra meeting, Saturday 6th August 1910. Horses left in after the declaration of forfeit at 6 p.m. to-day.

THE NEW STAND PLATE—6 furlongs.—Chobham, Gallileo, Posco, Pincher, Not Yet, Forfeit, Sue, Winsome, White, Heather and Mallinysok.

THE ARAB TRIAL PLATE—1 1-4 miles.—Lapwing, Brigand II, Merrily, Sulaik Parliament, Peculiar, Precious, Sealkote, Urgent, Dumra, Company.

THE ARAB WELTER PLATE—6 furlongs.—Babil, Lama, Hunter, Sawyer, Rockband, Rassmosum, Rustomihind, Thaboor, Silverbolt and Racer.

THE KARLI PLATE.—6 furlongs.—Regiment, Manlicher, Fahad Beg, Prime Minister, Shanwar, Sharar, Darby, Woolwinder, Chechan, Azzad, Lahtk, Saeed, Little Sanaya, Defence, Director, Saraband and Prince Charles.

THE LILLIPUT TRIAL PLATE.—About 5 furlongs.—Rajput, Creditor, Sharar, Plassy, Sheriff and Sirur.

Draw for the Novice Plate, about 5 furlongs.—Occident, Khamraj, Zappoline, Amsen, Daulat, Takti Suleman, Independent, Steel, Goodshot, Solidaire, Jins, Arnica, Young Achilles, Azzad, Gold Mexal, Dignum, Batodm, Ivan, Officer, Obyan, Uddai, Injabukh, Priceless, Fundi, Revolver, Waterloo, Hamim and Lahuk.

POONA, AUGUST 4.

The following is the handicap for the 2nd extra meeting on Saturday. New Stand Plate 6 furlongs.—Chobham 9.12, Gosana 9.10, Paul Pry 9.9, Calvalry 9.7, Cill Dara 9.6, Gallileo 9.1, Posco 8.13, Pincher 8.4, Not yet, 8.3, Forfeit 8.2, Sue 7.10, Winsome 7.10, Milner 7.9, Solution 7.8. White Heather 7.6, Mallinyook 7.4.

POONA FOXHOUNDS.

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BY THE WAY.

DR. "TOMMY" HOLMES.

Mr. T. R. E. Holmes, Litt. D., whose appearance on the new Civil List will be warmly welcomed by his many admirers, is a genial and learned Irishman, being one of the distinguished sons of the late Mr. Robert Holmes, of County Westmeath. Among his brothers are two popular Irish officials, Sir George Holmes, K.C.V.O., and Sir Roberts Holmes, K.C.V.O., but the best-known in England is Mr. E. G. A. Holmes, the poet, and Chief Inspector of Schools. Dr. Holmes was formerly junior student of Christ Church, Oxford. A favourite recreation with him was angling, and he was wont to expend much time and ingenuity in attempts to capture certain pike of fabulous dimensions alleged to haunt the neighbourhood of Lechlade. He was, however, seldom known to catch anything, except an occasional cold. Dr. Holmes has compiled his erudite works in the scanty leisure of a schoolmaster's life.

KEW AND THE WEATHER OFFICE.

The observational and experimental work of the Meteorological Office has been transferred to Kew Observatory, which now becomes the headquarters of that department, and no longer connected with the National Paysical Laboratory. The "K.O." hallmark will still be placed on all instruments passing the tests, but the testing will take place at Teddington instead of at Kew. The continuance of the important magnetic work of Kew recently became impossible owing to the proximity of the network of electric trams in the vicinity of the old observatory, and an entirely new observatory for this purpose has been built in a most secluded part of Dumfriesshire, where artificial electric currents the likely to remain unknown for many generations. Kew Observatory was built in 1769 so that George III, could watch the transit of Venus that year, and until Greenwich mean time was adopted in London the Kew meridian was the deciding factor for London time. Kew time is 75 seconds slow of Greenwich, and the old clock at the Horse Guards, regulated each day by Kew, was for nearly a century considered the only reliable timepiece in London.

"AITCHES AND S's" IN THE CRICKET FIELD.

A correspondent writes: Since your amusing note on the "natteses" of Surrey and Kent cricket, Mr. C. V. L. Hoomes, the brilliant young Oxford batsman, has added another to the "a's" of the Kent eleven, making half a dozen in all. While on the subject of the singularity with which the same initial letter will run in the names of sporting sides, you might have recalled that during the palmy days of Notts cricket the following famous players were all contemporary members of the team: Alfred Shaw, Shrewsbury, Scotton, Selby, Sherwin (who died the other day), and Shacklock. The last-named was a bowler who also assisted Derbyshire at once time.

PHENOMENAL BOWLING.

By taking five wickets with five successive balls in a match at Aye, Harry Turner, a local professional, performed a feat which, so far as we can recall, has never been rivalled in a good class match though it has been nearly approached. When playing for Eastcote against Chorley Wood. Mr. A. Wright bowled two men with his first two balls, and three others with the last three balls of his over. In the Essex v. Yorkshire match, in 1907, Mr. J. W. H. T. Douglas took four Yorkshire wickets in eight balls, performing the hat trick with the last three; and, in a minor match, an Enfield player's analysis was, eight balls seven wickets, one run! In first-class matches four wickets have been taken with consecutive balls on at least seven occasions—from 1862, by T. Wells, playing for Kent v. Sussex, at Brighton, to 1895, by Martin, for M. C. C. and Ground v. Derbyshire, at Lord's.

A MEMORIAL TO GUTENBERG.

A literary memorial to the memory of Gutenberg, the founder of the printing industry, is about to be published, after ten years of strenuous labour on the part of the artistic, scientific, and publishing industries of Germany. It takes the form of a new edition of the so-called 42-line Gutenberg edition of the Bible. This work is still not only one of the greatest monuments of the printer's art, but also marks the close of the first period of the Gutenberg era. Gutenberg's 42-line Bible contains nearly 1300 pages, some hundred of which are decorated with miniatures in colour and gold.

THE PALACE OF THE KING AND THE PALACE OF THE PEOPLE.

Two palaces are engaging anxious thought to-day—Buckingham Palace and the Crystal Palace—the Palace of the King and the Palace of the People. Neither is quite what it should be; but the glass-house at Sydenham is perhaps the more previous to ones. Many schemes have been devised to make pay its way, none of them successful; and the best suggestion—to transfer the Zoological Gardens thither—would only make that excellent resort a little more inaccessible than it is in Regent's Park. Is the "evil communications" that have always been the bane of the Chrystal Palace. But, though we can have no good word for the glass-box, the ample grounds upon Sydenham Hill should never become the spoil of the builder. With swifter means of transport they should be not only the resort of South-East London, but the delight of all who dwell within the Metropolitan area. The future of the Chrystal Palace is really a question for Greater London to decide.

INSANITY AND MURDER.

In several recent cases, writes a London correspondent, insanity has been pleaded in defence to a charge of murder. The law takes its own view of what amounts to insanity quite independently of the doctors, and it has laid down very definite rules as to the instances in which such a defence may be allowed to prevail. In 1843 the acquittal on the ground of insanity of one Daniel M'Naughten for the murder of the private secretary of Sir Robert Peel (in mistake for Peel himself) led to the consideration of the point by the bench of judges in answer to a series of questions propounded by the House of Lords. The effect of the inquiry was the rule that the real question to be determined in such cases is, first, did the prisoner know the nature and quality of the act—that is, did he know what he was doing? Secondly, did he know whether it was right or wrong?

CONFINEMENT DURING HIS MAJESTY'S PLEASURE.

The law takes, no account of such questions, medically very important, as whether the prisoner had morbidly low powers of self-control, or whether he was mentally capable of realising and being influenced by the ultimate consequences of his action—for instance, by the probability of detection and punishment. A man cannot now be acquitted as a lunatic; that was abolished by the Trial of Lunatics Act of 1883. The verdict now takes the form of "guilty of the act, but so insane as not to be responsible according to law," and the result is confinement as a criminal lunatic during His Majesty's pleasure.

MORE MEN THAN WOMEN.

In some parts of the world females are, from their point of view, an unenviable majority. In Australia there are 2,974,581 males and 2,305,637 females. Yet, curiously enough, the females born and arriving by immigration during the year outnumber the males by about 4,000, the numbers being 32,968 males and 36,931 females. Victoria has the lead in the death-rate with 11·24 per thousand. Tasmania comes next with 11·00, while the average death-rate for the continent is 10·22. Strangely enough, Victoria has also the lowest birth-rate, 24.55 per thousand, while Tasmania heads the list with a birth-rate of 29 86.

PROTECTING THE CHILDREN.

Most authorities condemn the feeding bottle with tube for babies, but in France they have gone beyond the domain of condemnation—the Chamber and Senate have prohibited their use absolutely. The presidential decree was promulgated on July 9, and after October 9 the sale will be a thing of the past. Not only will the old familiar bottle be interdicted, but any one contravening the Act will be heavily fined, all bottles will be confiscated, and offenders will be liable, further, to a term of imprisonment of any duration from eight days to three months. It is not through indifference of the State that the infantile mortality in France is not diminished.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

SMART HATS.

Smart hats for evening wear, writes a Paris correspondent, supply an immense amount of variety in form and trimming. Now that the season is approaching, when Englishwomen migrate in such large numbers to foreign watering places, and follow the example of their French cousins in the matter of hats for dinner wear, the new models have naturally more than their usual interest. Black is the prevailing note for hats this year, most women having come to the conclusion that nothing supplies such an effective finish to a black or coloured gown; but numbers of the beautiful evening hats are black on the outside and white under the brim—a magpie alliance to which the milliner is quite devoted.

BLACK HATS COVERED WITH CREAM LACE.

Where all-black hats are concerned a scheme of the moment is to cover the crown and brim alike with fine cream lace, "basted" smoothly over the surface, with the black paille gleaming through its meshes. The lace falls about half an inch below the brim, so as to make a tiny and very becoming curtain all round. A cluster of feathers is all that is required to trim this hat, and even the variest neophyte can carry out the work without much trouble, or without betraying any obvious lack of skill which would proclaim it home-made at once. Another large hat is of dead white straw with a "shute" of black ostrich feathers arranged at the left side, and providing a startling and effective contrast. With a dainty demi-toilette these models all have a charming effect, and provide a hat which, in spite of its size, is a good traveller and has nothing to crumple and spoil on the first occasion.

MOB CAPS IN BLUE LINEN.

For afternoon Casino wear, with a toilette of linen, French girls are choosing a pretty and quaint chapeau like a Cherry-Ripe mob-cap, but made of sky blue linen. The crown is tied round with a ribbon to match the linen, which leaves a frilly brim coming low down on the head and covering the hair entirely. This ruche is lined with white Valenciennes lace, which softens the lines and makes a charming finish to a young face. Naturally enough such a hat is only intended for eighteen or twenty-one, and for a woman who can no longer hide the fact that she has left her youth behind her, to wear the Cherry-Ripe hat in question would be a grave error of judgment, which even in these days of "pensionnaire frocks" for old and young alike, only very few would be guilty of.

EVENING GOWNS.

Pale pink is the colour of which the smartest evening frocks for summer Casino wear are being fashioned. The shade is so faint, however, as to be hardly more than the flesh tint which is used in place of pure white for folded guimpes and vests of tulle nowadays. This year the frocks are cut higher in the neck than they were last year, and even when they are mere decollete a guimpe composed of a single thickness of mousseline-de-soie in the same tone as the gowns is brought up nearly to the collar-bone, where it often terminates in a tiny ring of bugle embroidery.

SHAWL-WRAPS OF CREPE-DE-CHINE.

Evening cloaks are always thought out very carefully by the Frenchwoman, who puts them in a very prominent place among her list of necessaries. The Englishwoman is always more than a little apt to look upon them as being of lesser importance than her frock, with the result that in England one not infrequently sees an otherwise well dressed woman in a manteau de soir which no self-respecting Frenchwoman of the same standing would wear, even if her dress was of the simplest description. An evening wrap, which was much admired at the Italian Opera not very long ago was carried out in a pale shade of pink crepe-de-chine, latd shawl-wise across the shoulders of the wearer. For trimming it had a wonderful fringe of knotted silk. 15 or 18 inches in length, and this fringe practically made the cloak. It was probably inspired by, or perhaps was in reality, a handsome China shawl, and nothing could have been more graceful or more becoming to the wearer. As a matter of fact, the simpler the lines of the evening cloak nowadays the handsomer and amarter it is. An Indian shawl with a white ground makes a beautiful garment, and another charming scheme is a burnous of genuine Arabian shape carried out in fine white charmause, while to give it a trifle more consistency an untrimmed doubiure of white mousseline-de-soie is added.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

"THE MAN FROM MEXICO."

Mr. Stanley Cooke re-opens the Strand Theatre on September 10 with a three-act farce by Mr. H. A. du Souchet, called "The Man from Mexico." A long lease of the house has been taken by Mr. Waterfield, and Mr. Cooke may be expected to follow "The Man from Mexico" "with other pieces. The omens are in Mr. Cooke's favour, for he has been associated with the longest run on record, and has played "Babbs" in "Charley's Aunt" for 2300 times. He brought the immortal old woman safely through three West End seasons, at the Comedy, at Terry's, and the Aldwych, so he is more than a prentice hand at the art of "running." Charley's Aunt is the veritable mother of Marathons.

A HOUSE OF LAUGHTER.

Like Lycurgus of old, who placed a little god of laughter in all the drinking-halls, Mr. Cooke means to make the Strand a house of laughter. "We shall not be afraid of the laugh. I am aiming at merriment—good boisterous rollicking merriment. We'll sit on the band-box if the 'business' grows out of the situation. But do not suppose that because we play farce it will be mounted anyhow. Our pieces at the Strand will be produced beautifully—yes, beautifully, as well as money and taste can make them so. I want to toe the line in this respect with our best West End managers, and what we do we'll do as well as it can be done." The little god, in a word, is to laugh from a splendid pedestal. And Mr. Cooke has no superstitions about the Strand Theatre. "We were offered several others. We chose the Strand. It has a splendid situation. The Bad Girl of the Family next door is nearing her third century. Let the piece be good, and the 'unlucky theatre' assumes the tenuity of a mere geographical expression. And the Strand is one of the most beautiful theatres in London.

THE ALHAMDRA BALLET MUSIC.

The music of the Alhambra ballet has always been of a very high order, and this popular house has a long list of successes to its credit in this respect, as in others. It is not generally known, however, that Mr. Moul, in addition to supervising the productions of his house, often writes music for the ballets. "Psyche" in its entirety was written by him, and he would have composed the whole of the music of "Femina" but for the unfortunate illness which interrupted his work early in the year. Mr. Byng deserves the greatest credit for the manner in which he took up the work begun by Mr. Moul. All the music of the first scene and other "tit-bits" distributed throughout the ballet, notably two of the wild warrior dances in the "Stone Age" scene, are from Mr. Moul's pen. Mr. Byng has interwoven Mr. Moul's contributions with his own admirable score without breaking the continuity or in any way interfering with the consistency of the theme. The "Femina" score is of special interest when it is considered that three composers are responsible for it. Senor Valverde is the third, and he has written the stirring music of the fourth scene, the Spanish posada, or inn.

MR. VEDRENNE'S NEW DEPARTURE.

Among new ventures which the coming autumn is to bring forth has to be reckoned one by Mr. J. E. Vedrenne. It would be superfluous to recall the excellent work done by him in association with Mr. Granville Barker during their three years' tenancy of the Court. Mr. Vedrenne also was the first tenant of the Queen's, although only partially responsible for the initial production there. His new departure will be entirely on his own account, and whether success or failure attend it the result will rest with him alone. He has already secured for himself a Westend theatre, the name of which must be momentarily witheld, and there about the middle of September he will present a new play, entitled "The Man from the Sea," written by Mr. William J. Locke. It may be well to say that this is not an adaptation of a novel; from the outset the story shaped itself dramatically in the author's mind, and was always intended for the stage. The piece, which may be described as a romantic comedy, is in four acts and treats of English country life.

PRINCIPAL PARTS.

The principal male character will be played by one of our leading young actors, whose attention for the moment seems to be concentrated upon matters aerial rather than terrestrial. His descent to terra firma is hourly looked for, however; the attractions of a good part are, after all, hard to resist, and even so adventurous an aviator as Mr. Robert Loraine may be expected to yield to them. For the role of the heroine Mr. Vedrenne has been fortunate enough to secure Miss Cecilia Loftus, who will thus pass, not for the first time, be it said, from the variety to the regular stage. In America, especially, she has had abundant experience on the latter. There she appeared in such important parts as Viola in "Twelfth Night," Hero in "Much Ado About Nothing," Elsie in Mr. Walter Frith's play, "The Man of Forty," and as Mr. E. H. Sothern's leading lady. Farther, she was selected by Sir Henry Irving for the character of Margaret in his revival of "Faust" in 1902 at the Lyceum. Three years later she succeeded Miss Nina Boucicault as Peter Pan at the Duke of York's. Another important engagement made by Mr. Vedrenne is that of Miss Beryl Faber, whose reappearance will be cordially welcomed.

CURZON AND DU MAURIER PARTNERSHIP.

According to present arrangements the partnership lately concluded between Mr. Frank Curzon and Mr. Gerald du Maurier will take effective shape on Sept. 1. On that date Mr. du Maurier starts proceedings at Wyndham's provision having been duly made for Mr. Charles Hawtrey elsewhere. "Nobody's Daughter," by "George Paston" (Miss E. M. Symonds), is to be the first production. In it Mr. du Maurier will appear, no longer as a volatile and impulsive youth, but as a man of 40, with a grown-up daughter. The company engaged for the occasion will include Mr. Sydney Valentine, Mr. Marsh Allen, Mr. Leon Quartermsine, Miss Lilian Braithwaite, Miss Rosalie Toller, and Miss Henrietta Watson. With these was originally numbered Miss Elsie Chester. One deeply regrets to say, however, that a few days ago that clever actress had to submit to the amputation of a leg, a calamity which has earned for her the sincerest sympathy of all her friends. Nevertheless it is hoped that the circumstance will not necessitate her complete withdrawal from the stage; that before many months are over she will be able to resume not only her classes at the Academy of Dramatic Art but her professional work.

MR. H. B. IRVING'S PLANS.

Mr. H. B Irving's immediate plans have already been indicated. He has just extended their scope by accepting an offer made him by Mr. J. C. Williamson for a lengthy tour, in company with his wife, Miss Dorothea Baird, through Australia. This is ear-marked for next year, but the exact date of Mr. Irving's departure has still to be fixed. It will be, however, immediately after the conclusion of his next London season, which begins early in the coming year, when he is to produce Mr. George Pleydell's new drama, founded on Mr. A. E. W. Mason's historical novel "Clementina." It was, it may be remembered, always a cherished project of Sir Henry Irving to pay a visit to Australia; unfortunately, the scheme was never destined to be fulfilled Mr Irving may confidently reckon upon finding a rich harvest awaiting him when he reaches the Antipodes.

MR. SEYMOUR HICK'S AS RICHARD III.

We have long looked forward to the realisation of Mr. Seymour Hicks's promise to appear as "Richard III." At last the event is within measurable distance. True, the pledge is only to be partially redeemed, but half a loaf is proverbially better than no bread. By way of giving us a foretaste of his quality in the part of the hook-back King, Mr. Hicks has arranged to present the battle scene from Shakespeare's historical play at the Coliseum in October. As he points out, the act meets all the requirements of the agreement entered into between music-hall managers and theatre proprietors, so far as the number of speaking characters and the time limit are concerned. "Taken by itself it is practically an ideal sketch." The production will be of a particularly elaborate nature, entailing the co-operation of no fewer than 180 soldiers. The revolving stage at the Coliseum will be put to its widest use, thus ensuring a spectacle unusually striking and of great variety.

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Both of the illustrations are photographic reproductions, and No. 2 shows the chamois lined strap crossing the back of watch.

No. 1. No. 2.

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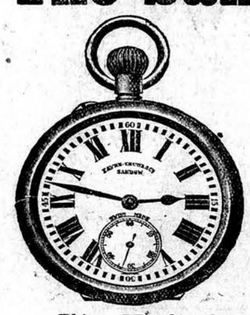

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